

# GURUGRAM UNIVERSITY GURUGRAM

(State University Established by Haryana Act-17 of 2017)

Sector-51, Gurugram (Haryana)-122003 Pin: 0124-2788001-05, Fax: 0124-2788010

Website: [www.gurugramuniversity.ac.in](http://www.gurugramuniversity.ac.in) e-mail: [Dept.pharmacy@gurugramuniversity.ac.in](mailto:Dept.pharmacy@gurugramuniversity.ac.in)

**Minutes of Meeting of the UG Board of Studies in the Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Running in Outside Campus (Pavitra Institute of Health Sciences and Artemis Hospital) Gurugram University held on 14/08/2025.**

## Members Present:

- Dr. Garima Srivastava, Program Leader & Education Specialization- Regulatory Affairs Quality Control. (Outside Expert).
- Dr. Himanshu Thukral Medical Research Coordinator Ethics Committee Secretariat. Specialization expertise in ethical principles. (Outside Expert).
- Md. Imtiyaz Ansari Team Leader & Education Radiology Department, Artemis. (Special Invitee).
- Ms. Kalpana Bankoti Bisht, Assistant Professor BMRIT, Pavitra Institute of Health Sciences. (Special Invitee).
- Mr. Pramod Kumar, Assistant Professor BMLS. Pavitra Institute of Health Sciences. (Special Invitee).

At the outset the chairman of UGBOS extended a hearty welcome to all members for attending the meeting of the Board of Studies. Thereafter, the agenda items were taken up and after detailed deliberations, the following decisions were taken:

**Agenda 1:**(a) Approval of the Scheme and Syllabi of BMRIT, BCCT, BOTT, BMLS for session 2025-26 and beyond

(b) Approval of the Scheme and Syllabi of BMRIT, BCCT, BOTT, BMLS for session 2023-24

**Resolution/Decision:** Scheme and Syllabi of BMRIT, BCCT, BOTT, BMLS is approved by outside expert with minor changes.

**Agenda 2:** Approval for examiner panel for conducting practical exam.

**Resolution/Decision:** Panel of Examiners for conducting practical exam is approved by outside expert.

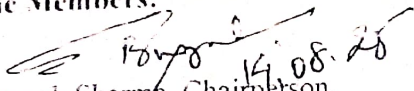
**Agenda 3:** Any other item (None).

**Resolution/Decision:** None.


UGBOS authorized the chairperson to incorporate minor changes/corrections, if any.

The meeting ended with a vote of thanks to the chair.

## Signature of the Members:

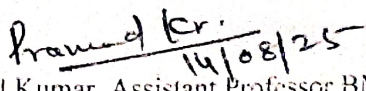
  
Prof. (Dr.) Bhupesh Sharma, Chairperson.  
Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences.  
Gurugram University, Gurugram

Dr. Himanshu Thukral Medical Research  
Coordinator Ethics Committee Secretariat.  
Specialization expertise in ethical principles.  
(Outside Expert).  
(Attended online)

  
Ms. Kalpana Bankoti Bisht, Assistant Professor  
BMRIT, Pavitra Institute of Health Sciences.  
(Special Invitee).

Dr. Garima Srivastava, Program Leader &  
Education Specialization- Regulatory Affairs  
Quality Control. (Outside Expert).  
(Attended online)

Md. Imtiyaz Ansari Team Leader &  
Education Radiology Department, Artemis.  
(Special Invitee).  
(Attended online)

  
Mr. Pramod Kumar, Assistant Professor BMLS.  
Pavitra Institute of Health Sciences. (Special  
Invitee).

**Curriculum and Credit Framework**  
**For**  
**Bachelors in Medical Radiology & Imaging Technology (BMRIT)**  
**(To be effective from the Academic Session 2025-26)**



**Faculty of Life Sciences**  
**Gurugram University, Gurugram**  
**(A State Govt. University Established Under Haryana Act 17 Of 2017)**

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goriima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
----------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------



**COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM**  
**for**  
**“MEDICAL RADIOLOGY AND IMAGING TECHNOLOGY”**



**National Commission for Allied and Healthcare Professions**

**As per NCAHP Act-2021**

Md. Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Barkoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastava	Dr. Himanshu Thakral

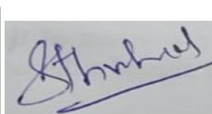
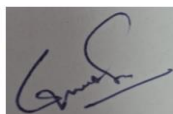
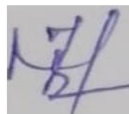
# APPROVED SYLLABUS

## 2025

**Ministry of Health & Family Welfare**

**Bachelor in Medical Radiology & Imaging Technology**  
**(BMRIT)**

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpana Bankoti	Dr. Goniina Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	--------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------



## Introduction:

## Learning Objectives:

Bachelor in Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology (BMRIT) program is to provide students with a high quality, well-rounded educational experience which results in graduates who possess the knowledge, skills and abilities to enter the field of diagnostic imaging as entry-level MRITs. Graduates of the BMRIT program will be able to demonstrate the necessary skills to integrate the theoretical knowledge and essential clinical skills to perform radiography, radiological and imaging procedures including interventional procedures with utmost radiation safety measures as well as to provide exemplary patient care in a variety of healthcare settings with diverse patient populations.

## The objectives of the program are to:

- Provide the profession and community with trained qualified MRITs.
- Provide education a comprehensive program that promotes problem solving, critical thinking and communication skills in the clinical environment.
- Students will demonstrate quality patient care skills including professionalism and ethical behaviors as specified in the code of ethics.
- Provide graduate students with specific skills necessary making them to be competent at entry level.

## Expectation from the future graduate in the providing patient care.

- Should be able to undertake all radiological and imaging procedures independently or as a key team member wherever required.
- Able to do the image processing.
- Should be able to handle all radiological and imaging equipment independently.
- Should ensure radiation protection and quality assurance.
- Undertake care and maintenance of all radiological and imaging equipment.
- Able to evaluate images for technical quality.
- Able to identify and manage emergency situations.
- Able to receive and document verbal, written and electronic orders in the patient's medical record.
- Should have computer skills.
- Should be able to provide empathetic professional patient care.
- Able to demonstrate professional growth, sense of professionalism and desire to learn.
- Able to demonstrate the core values of caring, integrity and discovery.
- To exhibit keen interest, initiative & drive in the overall development of the Department and 'Leadership Qualities' for others to follow.
- He / She is expected to be confident and to perform all the duties diligently with utmost sincerity and honesty.

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpana Banskoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

### Teaching faculty and infrastructure (minimum standard to start the programmes):

Institute should mandatorily be associated with the state medical colleges whereby they can make use of the available patient load and medical infrastructure as a part of their training curriculum (May be through MOU).

- Standalone institutions must have an MoU with either a medical college or hospital or healthcare facility as per the guidelines (desired number of Radiology equipment/beds/OPD etc.) defined in the curriculum to ensure practical exposure to the students.
- MoU to also define the radiology clinical supervision of the students –institutional staff or clinical preceptors can be considered.

For the institutes to be capable of providing high quality training to the student and exposure to all the related modalities, it should have the following:





- X-ray Unit (CR, DR)
- Mobile X-ray unit
- Fluoroscopic unit
- Ultrasonography, Color Doppler Equipment
- Multi-slice C.T. Scan,
- Mammography
- DEXA
- MRI
- DSA

The teaching faculty (with annual intake of up to 20 students or students' staffs' ratios must be 5:1 to be maintained) for the MRITs should have a minimum of Master in the MRIT or MRIT with PhD in relevant subject.

- 1 Professor
- 1 Assoc. Professor
- 3 Asst. Professor
- 2 demonstrators

### Method of teaching and learning-

- Lecture
- Tutorial
- Problem based learning
- Small group teaching and learning
- Continuous interactive learning
- Case-based
- Project based
- Research project- Research was considered by the group to be very important in order to keep pace with other professions and to generate a research background for our own profession.
- Seminars
- Clinical conferences
- E-learning
- Skills laboratory
- Industrial visit

Dr. Lulijay Ansari	Dr. Kalpana Bankoti	Dr. Goriama Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
			

**Infrastructure requirements** (with annual intake of up to 20 students):

- Minimum 4 classrooms with minimum seating capacity of 30 students
- Faculty rooms, Common rooms for students
- Auditorium/Conference room with minimum seating capacity of 150 students.
- A minimum 2000 sqft library area
- Student canteen/cafeteria
- Office rooms for staff

**Eligibility for admission****Selection procedure:**

He/she has passed the Higher Secondary (10+2) or equivalent examination recognized by any Indian University or a duly constituted Board with Physics, Chemistry, Biology

OR

Candidates who have studied abroad and have passed the equivalent qualification as determined by the University will form the guideline to determine the eligibility and must have passed in the subjects: Physics, Chemistry, Biology and English up to 12th Standard level.

OR

Candidates who have passed the Senior Secondary school Examination of National Open School with a minimum of 5 subjects with any of the following group subjects.

English, Physics, Chemistry, Botany, Zoology

English, Physics, Chemistry, Biology and any other language




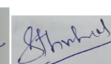
- He/she has attained the age of 17 years as on or before the 31st December of the year of admission) & maximum age limit is 30 years.
- He/she must furnish at the time of submission of application form, a certificate of Physical fitness from a registered medical practitioner and two references from persons other than relatives testifying to satisfactory general character.

Admission to Bachelor Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology course shall be made based on eligibility and an entrance test to be conducted for the purpose.

**Selection of eligible candidates:**

Selection to the BMRIT course shall be based on merit obtained in the National Entrance and Eligibility Test (NEET) conducted by the central government or its authorized agency.

In accordance with NCAHP regulations Institution/university having hospital setup shall be permitted an annual intake capacity of 20 admissions annually apart from in-service /Govt. Sponsored Candidates as per NCAHP Act. Thereafter these can be increased to 40/60 BMRIT admissions annually. The phase-wise requirements to be fulfilled by the applicant colleges after obtaining letter of intent and Letter of Permission for establishment of new college or increase in annual intake for 40/60 BMRIT admissions annually as per ICAHP regulations.

Md. Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalbana Barkoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastava	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
			

### Admission of Lateral Entry candidates:

Number of intakes: lateral entry admission must not be more than 10% of the annual intake.

Lateral entry to second year for allied and healthcare science courses for candidates who have passed diploma program from the Government Boards and recognized by State/Central University, fulfilling the conditions specified and these students are eligible to take admission on lateral entry system only if the same subject have been studied at diploma level.

*There may be need of deliberation on the inclusion of a few bridging courses are advisable for those having less qualified subjects.*

A candidate with a minimum 2 years full-time diploma in Medical Imaging Technology/Radiography recognized by a Government Body is eligible for lateral entry to the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester.

**Note:** Candidates with minimum 2 years full-time diploma in Medical Imaging Technology/Radiography from a recognized Government Body shall have passed 'plus-two' [10+2] with Physics, Chemistry and Biology as subjects with minimum 1 years of radiology working experience in hospital/academic institution or Candidates with minimum 3 years full-time diploma in Medical Imaging Technology/Radiography from a recognized Government Body shall have passed 'plus-two' [10+2] with Arts/Commerce as subjects, should have studied Physics, Chemistry and Biology as principal subjects during the tenure of the Medical Imaging Technology course with minimum 1 years of radiology working experience in hospital/academic institution. Eligibility of the lateral candidates based on examination conducted by NCAHP.

Foreign nationals and candidates who have qualified from a foreign University/Board should obtain permission from the NCAHP commission prior to the admission for equivalence of the qualification.

**Note: Curriculum task force members decided not to submit the Diploma of MRIT curriculum and requested NCAHP to phase out the course within five years. (As it was decided during the previous meeting).**

### Duration of the course

Duration of the course: 3 years (6 semesters) + 1 year (7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> semester) internship. Total 4 years or 8 semesters programme. (per semester 640 hours of Theory & Practical hours) and 2400 hours of internship.

Total hours of the course: 6240 hours.

### Medium of instruction:

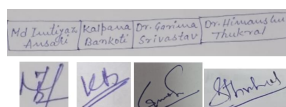
English shall be the medium of instruction for all the subjects of study and for examination of the course.

### Maximum period for completion of the course:

- The maximum period for completion of BMRIT is 7 years.
- If a candidate does not complete within the 6years, he/she should re-register.

### Attendance and Monitoring progress of studies:

- A candidate shall study in concerned department of the Institute for the entire period as a full-time student.
- A candidate who has a minimum of 75% attendance in theory and practical separately and who has fulfilled other requirements of the course shall be permitted to appear for examination.
- A candidate having shortage of attendance shall repeat the exam when it is offered next.



## Assessment and Evaluation

### Scheme of Evaluation

The academic performance is assessed on the basis of both Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) assessment and End Semester Examination (ESE) in each semester.

ESE weightage will be in the ratio of 30 % for CIE and 70 % for ESE.

### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

- 30% of the total marks is allotted for CIE in each course.
- 50% of CIE shall be based on the average of marks obtained in two notified formative written tests. Absence without prior permission for a formative test shall result in scoring of the test as zero.
- The remaining 50% of CIE will be based on internal assessments in the form of evaluation seminars, journal club presentations, case presentations, completion of assignments etc. which will be specified in the individual course curricula.
- CIE will be conducted for theory and practical for each course wherever applicable.
- A Candidate must secure at least 40% of total marks fixed for CIE in the particular subject in order to be eligible to appear for the End Semester Examination (ESE) for that subject.

### End semester examination (ESE)

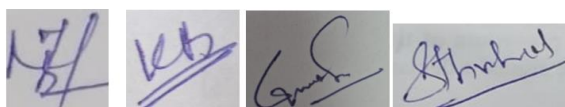
- There shall be a University Examination at the end of each semester.
- To be eligible to appear for university examination a candidate should fulfill all the following conditions
  - Undergone satisfactorily the approved program of study in the course/courses for the prescribed duration
  - 75% attendance separately in theory and in practical/hospital postings, in each course
  - Shall have the minimum attendance requirement in all courses of that semester for the first appearance
  - Secure at least 50% of total marks fixed for CIE in a particular course; and
  - Fulfill any other requirement that may be prescribed by the University from time to time.
- The End semester examination will consist of Theory examination for all courses and in addition, Practical examination for specified courses.
- Theory examination
  - Written tests with question types, pattern, duration and weightage as specified in the Course-wise curricula
  - Setting of question papers and evaluation of answer scripts as per University regulations
- Practical examination
 

Broad outline would be in the form of Spotters, Demonstration of equipment handling, Case based discussions.

### Criteria for pass:

A Candidate must score 50% separately in theory and practical wherever applicable to be declared as pass. In case of fail, subsequently a candidate has to appear for both theory and practical examination of the university in that particular course.

Md Iustiyaz Ansari	Kalpana Bamkoti	Dr. Gonima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-----------------------	--------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



### Attendance and appearance for Exam:

Candidates not possessing required attendance in a particular course as prescribed by university will not be allowed to take up examinations and has to appear for supplementary examination whenever board conducts exam for the particular course very next time.

### Structure of the program





#### Overview

<b>Foundation courses (12 credits)</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Human Anatomy</li> <li>2. Physiology</li> <li>3. Pathology</li> <li>4. Basics of Microbiology</li> <li>5. Basics of Biochemistry</li> </ol>
<b>Core courses (109 credits)</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Basics of Radiation Physics</li> <li>2. Conventional Radiography and Equipment</li> <li>3. Clinical Radiography Positioning (Part 1)</li> <li>4. Clinical Radiography Positioning (Part 2)</li> <li>5. Radiography and Image Processing Techniques</li> <li>6. Contrast Media and Special Radiological procedures</li> <li>7. Cross Sectional Anatomy</li> <li>8. Modern Radiological Imaging Equipment and Physics</li> <li>9. Interventional Radiology Techniques</li> <li>10. Patient Care in Radiology</li> <li>11. Basics Techniques in CT Technology</li> <li>12. Radiation safety in Diagnostic Radiology</li> <li>13. Quality Assurance in Diagnostic Radiology and Regulatory Requirements</li> <li>14. Basics Techniques in MRI Technology</li> <li>15. Introduction to Nuclear Medicine Techniques</li> <li>16. Ultrasound Techniques</li> </ol>
<b>Programme Courses (09 Credits)</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Introduction to Healthcare</li> <li>2. Medical Terminology and Record Keeping</li> <li>3. Basic Computers and Information Science</li> <li>4. Medical Law and Ethics</li> <li>5. Professionalism and Values</li> <li>6. Principals of Management</li> <li>7. English and Communication Skills</li> <li>8. Biostatistics and Research Methodology</li> </ol>
<b>40 Credits</b>	Internship
<b>Total credits: 170</b>	

#### Distribution of Credits:

L – Lectures- 1 hour: 1 credit, T – Tutorial- 1 hour: 1 credit, P – Practical -2hours: 1 credit

C - Clinical (Studentship)- 3 hours: 1 credit

Md Imtiaz Ansari	Kathana Bamkoti	Dr. Gostina Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
			

## Curriculum Outline

Teaching and Examination Scheme																
Course Name: Bachelor in Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology																
Duration of Program: Four Years (Eight Semesters)																
Duration: 18 Weeks																
Pattern: Full Time Semester: First																
S.N.	Course Title	Course Code	Teaching Scheme				Examination Scheme									
			L	T	C/P	Credits (L+T+P)	Exam Duration in Hrs.	Theory				Practical				Grand Total
								Max Mark	ESE Max Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	CI E Max Marks	ESE Max Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	
1.	Human Anatomy	BMRIT-001	3	--	--	3	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
2.	Physiology	BMRIT-002	3	--	--	3	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
3.	Basics of Radiation Physics	BMRIT-003	2	-	6	5	3	30	70	100	50	30	70#	100	50	200
4.	Introduction to Healthcare	BMRIT-004	1	--	--	1	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
5.	Medical Terminology and Record keeping	BMRIT-005	1	--	--	1	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
6.	Basic Computers and Information Science	BMRIT-006	1	--	--	1	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
7.	Medical Law and Ethics	BMRIT-007	1	--	--	1	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
8.	Professionalism and Values	BMRIT-008	1	--	--	1	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
9.	Principals of Management	BMRIT-009	1	--	--	1	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
10.	English & Communication skills	BMRIT-010	1	--	--	1	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100

11.	BMRT Radiology Clinical Education – part I (studentship)	--	--	--	15	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>			<b>15</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>1100</b>

Student Contact Hours Per Week: 15Hrs.Theory and 21Hrs. Practical of 60 minutes each

Medium of Instruction: **English**

Total Marks: **1100**

Abbreviations: ESE- End Semester Exam, CIE- Continuous Internal Evaluation, L – Lectures ((hrs./week), T - Tutorial, P – Practical  
{Clinical / Practical (hrs./week)}

\*Internal Assessment, # External Assessment.

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Garima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

### Teaching and Examination Scheme

**Course Name:** Bachelor in Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology

**Duration of Program:** Four Years (Eight Seme+sters) **Pattern:** Full Time

**Duration:** 18 Weeks **Semester:** Second

S. N.	Course Title	Course Code	Teaching Scheme				Examination Scheme										Grand Total
			L (hrs./ week)	T	C/P (hrs/week)	Credits (L+T+P)	Theory				Practical						
							Exam duration in Hrs.	CIE	ESE	Total	CIE	ESE	Total				
								Max Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks		
1.	Basics of Microbiology	BMRIT -011	2	--	--	2	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	100	
2.	Basics of Biochemistry	BMRIT -012	2	--	--	2	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	100	
3.	Conventional Radiography and Equipment	BMRIT -013	4	--	2	5	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	100	
4.	Clinical Radiography Positioning (Part I)	BMRIT -014	4	1	6	8	3	30	70	100	50	30	70#	100	50	200	
5.	BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education - part II (studentship)	--	--	--	15	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
<b>Total</b>			<b>12</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>12</b>	120	280	400	200	30	70	100	50	500	

**Student Contact Hours Per Week: 12Hrs. Theory, 1 Hrs. Tutorial and 23 Hrs. Practical of 60 minutes each**

**Medium of Instruction: English** **Total Marks: 500**

**Abbreviations:** ESE- End Semester Exam, CIE- Continuous Internal Evaluation, L - Lectures, T - Tutorial, P - Practical

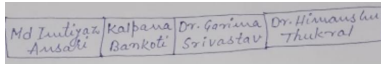
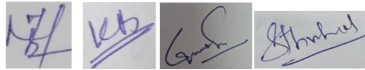
\*Internal Assessment, # External Assessment.





Md Imtiaz Ansari
Kashana Bankoti
Dr. Gopinath Srivastav
Dr. Himanshu Thakral



<b>Teaching and Examination Scheme</b>																
<b>Course Name:</b> Bachelor in Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology																
<b>Duration of Program: Four Years (Eight Semesters)</b>													<b>Pattern: Full Time</b>			
<b>Duration: 18 Weeks</b>													<b>Semester: Third</b>			
S.N.	Course Title	Course Code	Teaching Scheme				Examination Scheme									
			L (hrs/week)	T	C/P (hrs./week)	Credits (L+T+P)	Theory				Practical				Grand Total	
							Exam Duration in Hrs.	CIE	ESE	Total		CIE	ESE	Total		
								Max Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks		Min Marks
1.	Pathology	BMRIT-015	2	--	--	2	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	<b>100</b>
2.	Clinical Radiography Positioning (Part II)	BMRIT-016	2	1	6	6	3	30	70	100	50	30	70#	100	50	<b>200</b>
3.	Radiography and Image Processing Techniques	BMRIT-017	2	--	2	3	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	<b>100</b>
4.	Contrast Media & Special Radiological procedures	BMRIT-018	2	1	6	6	3	30	70	100	50	30	70#	100	50	<b>200</b>
5.	BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part III (studentship)		--	--	12	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>			<b>8</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>600</b>

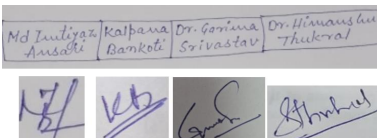
Student Contact Hours Per Week: **08Hrs. Theory, 02Hrs. Tutorial and 26 Hrs. Practical of 60 minutes each**  
Medium of Instruction: **English** Total Marks: **600**  
Abbreviations: ESE- End Semester Exam, CIE- Continuous Internal Evaluation, L - Lectures, T - Tutorial, P - Practical  
\*Internal Assessment, # External Assessment.  
\*Internal Assessment (Institutional Level examination) marks are not to be counted for the grade at the end of the semester.

Teaching and Examination Scheme																
Course Name: Bachelor in Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology																
Duration of Program: Four Years (Eight Semesters)													Pattern: Full Time			
Duration: 18 Weeks													Semester: Fourth			
S. No	Course Title	Course Code	Teaching Scheme				Examination Scheme									
			L (hrs./week)	T	C/P (hrs./week)	Credits (L+T+P)	Theory				Practical				Grand Total	
							Exam Duration in Hrs.	CIE	ESE	Total		CIE	ESE	Total		
										Max Marks	Min Marks			Max Marks		Min Marks
1.	Cross sectional anatomy	BMRIT-019	2	--	6	5	3	70	30	100	50	70#	30	100	50	200
2.	Modern Radiological Imaging Equipment and Physics	BMRIT-020	2	1	--	3	3	70	30	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
3.	Interventional Radiology Techniques	BMRIT-021	2	1	4	5	3	70	30	100	50	70#	30	100	50	200
4.	Patient Care in Radiology	BMRIT-022	1	1	4	4	3	70	30	100	50	70#	30	100	50	200
5.	BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part IV (studentship)		--	--	12	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>			<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>700</b>
<p>Student Contact Hours Per Week: 07Hrs. Theory, 03Hrs. Tutorial and 26 Hrs. Practical of 60 minutes each  Medium of Instruction: <b>English</b> Total Marks: <b>700</b>  Abbreviations: ESE- End Semester Exam, CIE- Continuous Internal Evaluation, L - Lectures, T - Tutorial, P - Practical  *Internal Assessment, # External Assessment. *  Internal Assessment (Institutional Level examination) marks are not to be counted for the grade at the end of the semester.</p>																
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">             Nd Indiyaz Ansoli           </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">             Kalpana Bankoti           </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">             Dr. Goniina Srivastava           </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">             Dr. Himanshu Thakral           </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 10px;">     </div>																

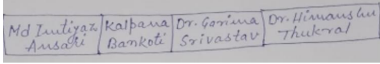
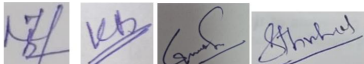
<b>Teaching and Examination Scheme</b>																
<b>Course Name: Bachelor</b> in Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology																
<b>Duration of Program: Four Years (Eight Semesters)</b>										<b>Pattern: Full Time</b>						
<b>Duration: 18 Weeks</b>										<b>Semester: Fifth</b>						
S.N.	Course Title	Course Code	Teaching Scheme				Examination Scheme								Grand Total	
			Theory (hrs/week)	Tutorial	C/P (hrs./week)	Credits (L+T+P)	Theory				Practical					
							Exam Duration in Hrs.	CIE	ESE	Total	CIE	ESE	Total			
								Max Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks		Min Marks
1.	Basics Techniques in CT Technology	BMRIT-023	4	1	8	9	3	30	70	100	50	30	70#	100	50	200
2.	Radiation Safety in Diagnostic Radiology	BMRIT-024	2	1	4	5	3	30	70	100	50	30	70#	100	50	200
3.	Quality Assurance in Diagnostic Radiology and Regulatory Requirements	BMRIT-025	1	1	2	3	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100
4.	BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part V (studentship)		--	--	12	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	<b>Total</b>		<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>09</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>500</b>

Student Contact Hours Per Week: 07Hrs. Theory, 03Hrs. Tutorial and 26 Hrs. Practical of 60 minutes each  
Medium of Instruction: **English** Total Marks: **500**  
Abbreviations: ESE- End Semester Exam, CIE- Continuous Internal Evaluation, L - Lectures, T - Tutorial, P - Practical  
\*Internal Assessment, # External Assessment.  
\*Internal Assessment (Institutional Level examination) marks are not to be counted for the grade at the end of the semester.



Teaching and Examination Scheme																	
Course Name: Bachelor in Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology																	
Duration of Program: Four Years (Eight Semesters)										Pattern: Full Time							
Duration: 18 Weeks										Semester: Sixth							
S.N.	Course Title	Course Code	Teaching Scheme				Examination Scheme										Grand Total
			Theory (hrs./week)	Tutorial	C/P (hrs./week)	Credits (L+T+P)	Theory				Practical						
							Exam Duration in Hrs.	CIE	ESE	Total		CIE	ESE	Total			
								Max Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks			Max Marks	Max Marks	Max Marks	
1.	Basics Techniques In MRI Technology	BMRIT-026	3	1	8	8	3	30	70	100	50	30	70#	100	50	200	
2.	Introduction to Nuclear Medicine Techniques	BMRIT-027	1	1	2	3	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	100	
3.	Ultrasound Techniques	BMRIT-028	2	1	--	3	3	30	70	100	50	--	--	--	--	100	
4.	Biostatistics And Research Methodology	BMRIT-029	1	1	--	2	3	30	70*	100	50	--	--	--	--	100	
5.	BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part VI (studentship)		--	--	15	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
<b>Total</b>			<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>500</b>	

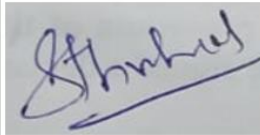
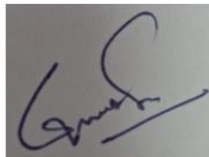
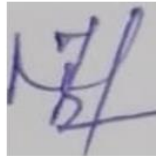
Student Contact Hours Per Week: 07Hrs. Theory, 04Hrs. Tutorial and 25Hrs. Practical of 60 minutes each  
Medium of Instruction: **English** Total Marks: **500**  
Abbreviations: ESE- End Semester Exam, CIE- Continuous Internal Evaluation, L - Lectures, T - Tutorial, P - Practical  
\*Internal Assessment, # External Assessment.  
\*Internal Assessment (Institutional Level examination) marks are not to be counted for the grade at the end of the semester.

**Studentship or observership must include:**

- A minimum of 14 hours per week is considered as studentship in every semester.
- Provide simulation and skill labs for practicing skills specific to the program in the initial years of observership/studentship.
- Every semester must have seminars/workshops on new developments/ technologies. Check annexure for marking criteria.
- If the clinical facility is not within the same campus, transportation should be provided to the students and interns.
- All practical skills must be supervised and recorded in a Logbook and skills to be evaluated after the completion of the internship.

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



<b>Teaching and Examination Scheme</b>
<b>Course Name:</b> Bachelor in Medical Radiology and Imaging Technology
<b>Duration of Program: Four Years (8 Semesters)</b>
<b>Pattern:</b> Full Time Rotatory Internship Semester: <b>Seventh &amp; Eighth (4<sup>th</sup> year)</b>
<b>Internship:</b> minimum 2400 hours (calculated based on 8 hours per day for one year of internship)

Every candidate after passing all semesters examination is required to undergo compulsory internship to the satisfaction of the college authorities and University for a period of 1 year as to be eligible for the award of the degree. The internship is partial fulfillment of the requirements for the graduation and no candidate shall be declared to have completed the program otherwise. The internship shall be completed within 18 months of the date of passing final examination.

Students must undertake the rotational postings during which students have to work under supervision of an experienced staff in the following areas:

	<b>Postings</b>	<b>Duration</b>
1	Conventional Radiography, Mammography, CR, DR and PACS	4 months
2	Radiological Imaging & Special Procedures and Advanced Equipments	2 months
3	Ultrasonography & Doppler Imaging	1 month
4	Interventional Radiology	1 month
5	Computed Tomography	2 months
6	Magnetic Resonance Imaging	2 months

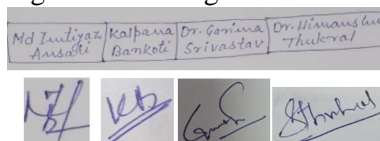
### Assessment of Internship

The intern shall maintain a record of work which is to be verified and certified by the faculty under whom he/she works. Apart from scrutiny of the record of work, assessment and evaluation of training shall be undertaken by an objective approach using situation tests in knowledge, skills and attitude during and at the end of the training. Based on the record of work and date of evaluation, the Head of the Institution/hospital will issue a certificate of satisfactory completion of training, following which the University will award the BMRIT degree or declare him eligible for it.

### Guideline for Internship

#### 1. RATIONALE

The Clinical Education, is designed for the students to familiarize them with the applications of radiography, mammography, radiological special procedures, CT, MRI and advanced imaging techniques etc. Student should be able to reliably perform all non-contrast plain radiography as well as contrast radiological and imaging procedures along with Radiologist.



## 2. COMPETENCY

Identify the Anatomy to be imaged, properly position the patient for Imaging, correctly select appropriate projection/projections to demonstrate the area of interest Use appropriate radiographic/radiological and imaging parameters.

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this subject, the student should be able to:

- Correctly Identify the Anatomy to be imaged
- To properly position the patient for radiography/Radiological and Imaging procedures
- Correctly select appropriate projection/projections to demonstrate the area of interest
- Use appropriate radiographic parameters to produce a radiographic image with satisfactory results
- Should be able to differentiate a properly positioned and exposed radiographic image from a wrongly positioned and over or underexposed radiographic image
- Should be able to correctly identify anatomical features displayed in radiographic image obtained.

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme			Credit	Examination Scheme												
L	T	P		(L+T+P)	Theory						Practical					
			Paper Hrs.		CIE		ESE		Total		CIE		ESE*		Total	
					Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	50	100	50	200	100

*Note: ESE\* will be conducted immediate after end of the 7<sup>th</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup> semester at the institutional level.*

**Legends:** L-Lecture, T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice, P –Practical, ESE -End Semester Examination, CIE- Continuous Internal Evaluation

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
----------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------

## LIST OF PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES/ASSIGNMENTS/CASE STUDIES



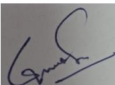
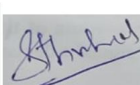
Students have to do hands on practice on following Techniques:	
Exp. No.	Name of Practical/ Exercise/ Assignment/ Case Study
<b>Seventh Semester</b>	
1	Radiation Physics
2	Radiographic Positioning
3	Conventional Radiography and Equipment
4	Contrast Media& Special Radiological/ imaging procedures
5	Interventional Radiology/ imaging techniques
6	Patient Care in Radiology
<b>Eighth Semester</b>	
7	Basics Techniques in CT Imaging Technology
8	Radiation Safety in Diagnostic Radiology
9	Quality Assurance in Diagnostic Radiology and Regulatory Requirements
10	Basics Techniques in MRI Imaging Technology
11	Introduction to Nuclear Medicine Techniques* (if facility available)
12	Ultrasound Techniques

### 5. GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR CLINICAL EDUCATION (INTERNSHIP)

The Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers can be Government, Public limited, private enterprises or ownership.

- **Training Area:** Students should be trained in large and medium scale Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers. However, despite the best efforts by the Institute, if large and medium scale Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers are not available to all students then, students can also be placed in small scale Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers approved by the NCAHP competent body.
- **Skill Knowledge Partner (SKP):** To be identified by the Institute as per their programme areas like
  1. Government Hospitals.
  2. Corporate Hospitals
  3. Private Hospitals
  4. Diagnostic Centers
  5. Any other relevant industry

Note: All these needs to be approved by the NCAHP competent body.

Md Imtiaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gomna Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
			

## 6. EXPECTATIONS FROM Skill Knowledge Partner (SKP)

Helping institute in developing the following competencies among students

- Soft Skills i.e. Communication, Presentation and others.
- Life Skills i.e. Time management, Safety, Innovation, Entrepreneurship, Team building and others
- Hands-on Practices i.e. Patient Safety, Radiography/Radiological and Imaging and Quality Assurance aspects.




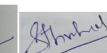
## 7. ROLE OF PARENT DEPARTMENT OF THE INSTITUTE

1. Identify Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers available for training along with capacity.
2. Institutions have to enter in to MOU with number of SKPs (Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers) for accommodating all the enrolled students for the mandatory internship
3. Student and mentor allocation as per the slots available for Hands on training (Desirable mentor-student ratio is 1:10).
4. Communication with Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers available for training along with capacity and its confirmation.
5. Student enrollment for training.
6. Issuing letter to the Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers for the training along with details of students and mentors.
7. Principal/ HOD/ Faculty should address students about safety norms, rules and discipline to be maintained in the Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers during the training before relieving students for training.
8. The designated faculty member would visit the Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers periodically to check the progress of the student in the training, his/ her attendance, discipline, log book preparation & project report preparation
9. Mentors to carry out progressive assessment of the students during the training through Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE), End Semester Examination (ESE) assessment by mentor along with Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers expert as external examiner

## 8. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE STUDENTS

Following should be informed to students in the letter deputing them for the training; an undertaking for this should also be taken from them

- Students would interact with the mentor to suggest choices for suitable Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers. If students have any contact in Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers (through their parents, relatives or friends) then same may be utilized for securing placement for themselves and their peers.
- Students have to fill the forms duly signed by authorities along with training letter and submit it to training officer in the Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers on the first day of training. Student should also carry with him/her the Identity card issued by institute during training period.
- He/she will have to get all the necessary information from the training officer regarding schedule of the training, rules and regulations of the Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers and safety procedures to be followed. Student is expected to observe these rules, regulations, procedures.

Md. Iqbal Ansari	Kalpana Bansoti	Dr. Ganiya Srivastava	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
			

- Students should know that if they break any rule of Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers or do not follow the discipline then Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers can terminate the training and send back the student.
- It is the responsibility of the student to collect information from Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers about Radiography/Radiological & Imaging procedures/ Patient Safety /work ethics/professional practices/organizational structure etc.
- During the training period students have to keep daily record of all the useful information in Log book along with the time and date and type of Radiography/Radiological & Imaging procedures, how it was performed with patient's history any difficulty encountered.
- Maintain the Diary/Logbook and get it signed from mentor as well as Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers Training in-charge.
- In case they face any major problem in industry such as an accident or any disciplinary issue then they should immediately report the same to the institute.
- Prepare final report about the training for submitting to the department at the time of presentation and viva-voce and get it signed from mentor as well as Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers training in-charge.

## 9. FORMAT FOR TRAINING REPORT

Following is the suggestive format for the training report; actual format may differ slightly depending upon the nature of Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers. The training report may contain the following

- Title page
- Certificate
- Abstract
- Acknowledgement
- Content Page with date and time start and end

Chapter 1. Organizational structure of Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers and General Lay Out

Chapter 2. Introduction of Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers (History, Facilities available. Specialization and number of employees etc.)

Chapter 3. Types of major equipment/instruments/ machines used in Radiology with their specification, approximate cost and specific use and their routine maintenance.

Chapter 4. Standard Operating procedures.

Chapter 5. Quality assurance and radiation safety procedures.

Chapter 6. Equipment handling and procedures.

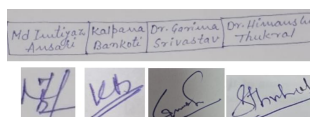
Chapter 7. Safety procedures followed

Chapter 8. Particulars of Practical Experiences in Radiology and Imaging

Chapter 9. Short report/description of the project (if any done during the training)

Chapter 10. Special/challenging experiences encountered during training if any (may include students liking & disliking of work places)

References /Bibliography



## 10. SUGGESTED LEARNING STRATEGIES

Students should visit the website of the Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers where they are undergoing training to collect information about Facilities, Specialization, capacity, number of employees, etc. They should also refer the operating manuals of the major machines and operation, testing, quality control and standard operating procedures and practices used in the Radiology. Students may also visit websites related to other similar industries as their learning resource. The training activity may vary according to nature and size of Institutes/Hospitals/Diagnostic Centers. The details of activities to be completed during 6 months should be planned appropriately. The evaluation of Clinical Education (Internship) will be done on the basis of skills acquired by the student during this 6-month period.

### ASSESSMENT SCHEME FOR CLINICAL EDUCATION (INTERNSHIP)

Training duration	CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (Weekly report of all 6 months and attendance)		END SEMESTER ASSESSMENT (Practical and Oral)		Total marks	
	Max. marks	Min. marks	Max. marks	Min. marks	Max. marks	Min. marks
6 months	100	50	100	50	200	100

### EVALUATION SHEET FOR CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION

Sr. No.	Enrollment Number	Name of Student	Seminar/presentation in workshop or conference	Marks by Supervisor	Marks by Mentor Faculty	Total Marks
			Out of 40 (A)	Out of 30 (B)	Out of 30 (C)	Out of 100 (A+B+C)

Marking criteria for seminar/presentation at workshop/conference and marking criteria for supervisor/mentor faculty mentioned in the log book template.

Md Izzatiyaz Ansari	Kalpana Bankoti	Dr. Gorima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
---------------------	-----------------	----------------------	----------------------

**DISTRIBUTION OF END-SEMESTER-EXAMINATION (ESE\*) MARKS**

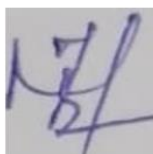
Marks for Training Report	Marks for Practical's	Marks for Oral/Viva-voce	Total ESE marks
25	25	50	100

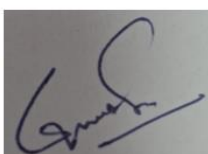
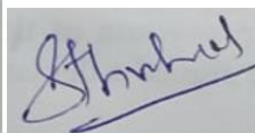
**Practical (25 marks) must include minimum two practical related demonstration Infront of the internal examiners.**

**Board of examiners for 7<sup>th</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup> semester:**





- HOD of Radiology: Chairperson
- Programme Co-ordinator/Course Co-ordinator/Chief of MRIT/Incharge of MRIT: Co-chairperson
- Subject Experts: Internal examiners (two) members.

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gonima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-------------------	----------------	----------------------	----------------------



# First Semester

Md Inuliyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Garima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
			

**Subject: Human Anatomy****Subject Code: BMRIT - 001****RATIONALE**

Anatomy is a key component of all education programmes for MRITs and should have a strong focus on organ position, orientation and relationships. The topics provide the student with an understanding of the structure and relationships of the systems and organs of the body which is essential in patient preparation and positioning. The radiographic anatomy component will enable MRITs to evaluate images prior to reporting by the radiologist.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Describe the general anatomy of human body

**CO2:** Explain normal disposition of various structures and organs in the body and its clinical correlation

**CO3:** Describe the microscopic structure of various tissues

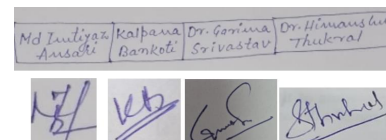
**CO4:** Determine the topography of various structures on the surface of the body

**CO5:** Identify and locate structures of the body

**CO6:** Identify organs and tissues under microscope

**CO7:** Point out various features of appearance of normal body in skiagrams

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
3	--	--	3	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	100
				30	70	--	--	



CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

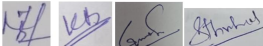
Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable tutorial assignments of minimum one hour per unit based on the curriculum.

**THEORY COMPONENTS**

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<b>Introduction: Human Body as a Whole</b> Definition of anatomy and its subdivisions, Terms of location, positions and planes, Cell and its organelles, Epithelium – definition, classification, describe with examples, functions, Glands – classification, describe serous and mucous glands with examples, Basic tissues – classification with examples	08	14

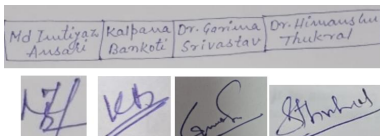
II	<p><b>Locomotion and Support</b></p> <p>Cartilage – types, examples and histology</p> <p>Bone – classification, examples and histology. Parts of long bone, names of all bones, vertebral column and intervertebral disc. Fontanel’s of fetal skull.</p> <p>Joints – classification of joints with examples, typical synovial joint (in detail). Muscular system – classification of muscular tissue and histology</p> <p>Important muscles of the body- Sternocleidomastoid, Trapezius, Muscles of tongue, Deltoid, Biceps brachii, Intercostal muscles, Thoracic diaphragm, Rectus abdominis, External oblique, Internal oblique, Transversus abdominis, Pelvic diaphragm, Gluteus maximus, Gluteus medius, Gluteus Minimus, Quadriceps femoris, Soleus.</p>	08	14
III	<p><b>Cardiovascular System</b></p> <p>Heart – size, location, chambers, exterior and interior, Blood supply of heart, Pericardium, Systemic and pulmonary circulation, Branches of aorta - common carotid artery, subclavian artery, Axillary artery, brachial artery, radial artery, superficial palmar arch, femoral artery, popliteal artery, dorsalis pedis artery., Peripheral pulse, Inferior venacava, portal vein, portosystemic anastomosis, Great saphenous vein, median cubital vein, Dural venous sinuses, Lymphatic system – cisterna chyli and thoracic duct, Lymphatic tissues and its histology, Regional lymph nodes – cervical, axillary and inguinal lymph nodes.</p> <p><b>Respiratory System</b></p> <p>Parts of RS – nose, nasal cavity, paranasal air sinuses, larynx, trachea, lungs, pleura, bronchopulmonary segments, Histology of trachea and lungs.</p>	08	20
IV	<p><b>Gastro-Intestinal System Theory</b></p> <p>Parts of GIT- oral cavity (lip, cheek, tongue, salivary glands, palate, dentition) pharynx (Waldeyer’s ring) esophagus, stomach, small and large intestine and appendix, Liver, gall bladder, pancreas and spleen, Histology of esophagus, stomach, small and large intestine, liver, gall bladder and pancreas.</p> <p><b>Peritoneum</b></p> <p>Description of reflection, folds and pouches in brief.</p>	08	14
V	<p><b>Urinary System</b></p> <p>Kidney, ureter, urinary bladder, male and female urethra, Histology of kidney, ureter and urinary bladder.</p> <p><b>Reproductive System</b></p> <p>Parts of male reproductive system- testis, vas deferens, epididymis, prostate, Parts of female reproductive system- uterus, fallopian tubes, ovary, mammary gland, Histology of testis, vas deferens, epididymis, prostate, uterus, fallopian tube and ovary.</p>	08	20

Md. Jauqar Ansari, Kaibhawa Bantoli, Dr. Gopinath Srinivasan, Dr. Himanshu Thakral  


	<b>Endocrine Glands</b> Names of all endocrine glands, describe in detail on pituitary gland, thyroid gland and parathyroid gland, suprarenal gland, Histology of pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, suprarenal gland.		
<b>VI</b>	<b>Nervous System</b> Neuron, Classification of nervous system, Cerebrum, cerebellum, brain stem, spinal cord & spinal nerve, Meninges, ventricles and cerebrospinal fluid, Blood supply of the brain, Cranial nerves (in brief), Nerve plexus (Brachial & lumbar) <b>Sensory Organs</b> Skin and its appendages, Eye – parts of eye ball and lacrimal apparatus, Extra-ocular muscles, Histology of cornea and retina, Ear – parts of ear- external, middle and inner ear and contents <b>Embryology</b> Spermatogenesis and oogenesis, Ovulation, fertilization, Placenta	<b>08</b>	14
<b>Total</b>		<b>48</b>	96

### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	Demonstration of Histology of types of epithelium, Histology of serous, mucous and mixed salivary gland, Surface marking of the body region wise.	1
2.	Demonstration of Histology of hyaline, elastic and fibrocartilage, Demonstration of all bones showing parts, radiographs of normal bones and joints, Histology of compact bone (TS and LS), Demonstration of all muscles of the body, Histology of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle.	1
3.	Demonstration of heart, pericardium and vessels of the body, Histology of large artery, medium sized artery and large vein, Histology of lymph node, spleen, tonsil and thymus, Normal chest radiograph showing heart shadows, Normal angiograms. Demonstration of parts of respiratory system, Normal radiographs of chest, Histology of lung and trachea.	1
4.	Demonstration of parts of GIT, liver, gall bladder, pancreas and spleen, Histology of tongue, salivary glands, esophagus, stomach, small and large intestine, liver, gall bladder, pancreas and spleen, Radiographs of abdomen plain and contrast. Demonstrations of reflections, folds and pouches.	1




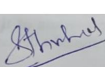


Sr. No		Hours
5.	Demonstration of parts of urinary system, Histology of kidney, ureter, urinary bladder, Radiographs of abdomen – IVP, retrograde cystogram. Demonstration of section of male and female pelvis with organs in situ, Histology of testis, vas deferens, epididymis, prostate, uterus, fallopian tube and ovary, Radiographs of pelvis – Hysterosalpingogram. Demonstration of the glands, Histology of pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, suprarenal glands.	1
6.	Demonstration of Histology of peripheral nerve and optic nerve, Demonstration of major nerves in the body, Demonstration of cranial cavity and parts of brain, Histology of cerebrum, cerebellum, spinal cord Demonstration of Histology of thin and thick skin, Demonstration of histology of cornea and retina.	1
	<b>Total</b>	<b>6</b>
Demonstration will be part of theory/tutorial classes. There is in separate credit for the practicals /demonstrations.		

Evaluation System  
Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

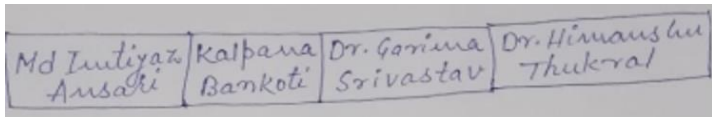
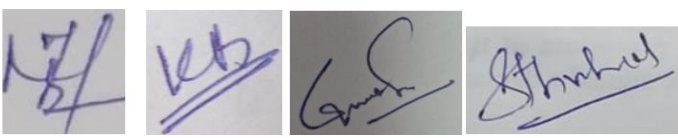
Md. Imtiaz Ansari  
 Kalyana Bankoti  
 Dr. Ganima Srivastava  
 Dr. Himanshu Thakral

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)****Written Paper**

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

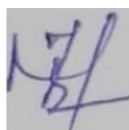
**Question Paper Blueprint**

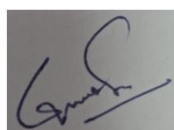
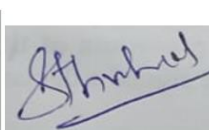
Unit		Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
1.	Introduction Human Body as a Whole	14
2.	Locomotion and Support	14
3.	Cardiovascular System, Respiratory System	20
4.	Gastro-Intestinal System, Peritoneum	14
5.	Urinary System, Reproductive System, Endocrine Glands	20
6.	Nervous System, Sensory Organs, Embryology	14
<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>		<b>96</b>
 		

**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Human Anatomy, Vol.1,2 &3, 5th edition, 2010,	B.D. Chaurasia	CBS publishers & distributors Pvt. Ltd.
2	Physiology & Anatomy with Practical Considerations	Ester. M. Grishcimer	J.P. Lippincott. Philadelphia
3	Manipal Manual of Anatomy, 2nd edition, 2012	Sampath Madhyastha	CBS publishers & distributors Pvt. Ltd
4	Text Book of General Anatomy, 2nd edition, 2013	Shobha Rawlani and Shivlal Rawlani	Jaypee brothers
5	Langman's Medical Embryology, 11th edition, 2009	T.W Sadler	Wolters Kluwer

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-------------------	----------------	-----------------------	----------------------



**Subject: PHYSIOLOGY**

**Subject Code: BMRIT - 002**

### RATIONALE

Physiology provides the students with knowledge of the function of systems and organs and their relationships and underpins the understanding of how various imaging modalities are to be selected depending upon the clinical history.

### COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Explain the normal functioning of organs and systems.

**CO2:** Understand the interrelationships and interactions among various organs and systems for maintaining homeostasis.

**CO3:** Assess the relative contribution of each organ systems toward the maintenance of constant internal environment

**CO4:** Differentiate between normal and abnormal functioning of organs and systems,

**CO5:** Understand physiological basis of pathogenesis and treatment of diseases and disorders.

**CO6:** Apply the physiological basis in the field of allied health care

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	ESE	CIE	100
3	--	--	3	30	70	--	--	

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

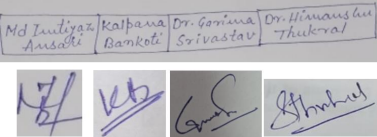
### TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable tutorial assignments of minimum one hour per unit based on the curriculum.

### THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gomina Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<p><b>General physiology</b></p> <p>Introduction to Physiology, Concept of Homeostasis, cell – Morphology – Functions of organelles and Cell membrane, Transport mechanisms, Body fluid compartments.</p> <p><b>Muscle nerve physiology</b></p> <p>Neurons: Morphology, Action Potential, Neuroglia: Types &amp; functions, Muscles: Types, structure of sarcomere. Neuromuscular junction, sliding filament mechanism of contraction.</p> <p><b>Blood</b></p> <p>Composition, properties, functions. Plasma proteins: Concentrations and functions, RBC: Morphology, functions, count, physiological variations and life span Erythropoiesis – stages, essential factors, regulation of Erythropoiesis, Hemoglobin: Functions, concentration, physiological variations. Fate of Hemoglobin – Jaundice, types, Color index, MCH, MCV, MCHC, PCV – normal values, WBC: Morphology, functions of all types including T &amp; B lymphocytes, total and differential counts, physiological variations, Platelets: Morphology, count, functions, thrombocytopenia &amp; bleeding time, Blood groups: Basis of blood grouping. Landsteiner’s laws, ABO system, determination of blood groups, blood transfusion, complications of incompatible blood transfusion, Rh group, erythroblastosis foetalis, prevention and treatment, Blood bank.</p> <p>Haemostasis: Mechanisms. Clotting mechanism: factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways.</p> <p>Disorders of clotting – hemophilia, vitamin K deficiency. Anticoagulants – mechanism of action and their uses, Anemia: Classification – Morphological and Etiological, Blood volume: normal values.</p>	10	15
II	<p><b>Cardiovascular system</b></p> <p>Organization of cardiovascular system, greater and lesser circulation, Physiological anatomy of the heart, nerve supply, Junctional tissues of heart (pacemaker), Cardiac cycle: Mechanical events, Heart sounds, causes, characteristics and significance, Normal ECG, clinical significance of ECG, Heart rate – Physiological variations, Cardiac output: Definitions, normal values, physiological variations, Arterial blood pressure: Definitions, normal values, physiological variations, factors maintaining blood pressure. Role of baroreceptors in regulation of blood pressure.</p>	10	10
III	<p><b>Respiratory system</b></p> <p>Respiratory and non-respiratory function of respiratory system. Physiological anatomy of respiratory system Functions of respiratory</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">  </div>	8	10

	<p>tract. Respiratory membrane. Respiratory muscles. Surfactant: functions, respiratory distress syndrome.</p> <p>Definitions of terms used in respiratory physiology: Eupnea, Hyperpnoea, Tachypnea, Apnea, Dyspnea.</p> <p>Mechanics of breathing – intrapulmonary and Intrapleural pressure changes during a respiratory cycle.</p> <p>Spirometry – Lung volumes and capacities. Vital capacity.</p> <p>Oxygen transport: Role of hemoglobin, factors affecting, oxygen carrying capacity. Carbon dioxide transport: forms, chloride shift (Hamburger's phenomenon).</p> <p>Respiratory centers. Role of chemo receptors in regulation of respiration. Pulmonary ventilation and alveolar ventilation.</p> <p>Partial pressure of gases, Calculation of partial pressure of gasses in mixture. Arterial and venous blood gas concentrations and contents.</p> <p>Hypoxia: Types and effects Cyanosis, Asphyxia, Periodic Breathing, Acclimatization.</p> <p>Hyperbaric O<sub>2</sub> therapy, Artificial respiration and Ventilators.</p>		
IV	<p><b>Excretory system</b></p> <p>Functions of kidneys. Nephrons – Juxta glomerular apparatus – functions, Steps in Urine formation – Ultrafiltration, Tubular Reabsorption, Tubular Secretion, GFR.</p> <p>Definition, normal values, factors affecting GFR, measurement of GFR, Renal threshold for glucose, tubular load for glucose, Role of aldosterone and ADH in urine formation, Micturition, Innervation of bladder. Diuresis, Renal functions tests – Based on analysis of urine and analysis of blood, Skin: Functions of skin. Sweat glands.</p>	4	05
V	<p><b>Digestive system</b></p> <p>Introduction, structure of alimentary canal, Saliva: Composition, functions, Stomach: Functions. Gastric Juice: composition, functions, Pancreatic Juice: Composition and functions, Liver: Functions, Bile: composition, functions, Gall bladder: functions, Succusentericus: Composition, functions. Functions of large intestine, Movements of small intestines, Deglutition.</p>	4	05
VI	<p><b>Endocrine system</b></p> <p>Major endocrine glands- Hormone: Definition, Anterior pituitary: hormones and their functions, disorders – Gigantism, acromegaly, dwarfism, Posterior pituitary:</p> <p>Hormones – diabetes insipidus, Thyroid: Hormones, normal values, functions, role of TSH. Disorders: simple goitre, myxoedema,</p>	8	15

Md. Iqbal  
Ansari

Katiana  
Bankoti

Dr. Goniya  
Srivastav

Dr. Himanshu  
Thakral

17/

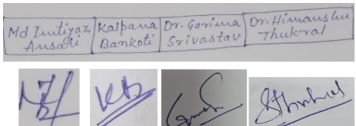
kb

G.S.

Shubhal

	<p>cretinism, Grave's disease, Adrenal cortex: hormones, functions of cortisol and aldosterone. Addison's disease, Cushing's syndrome, Adrenal medulla: actions of adrenaline and noradrenaline, Endocrine pancreas: Insulin &amp; glucagon, functions, Regulation of blood glucose level, diabetes mellitus, Parathyroid: Functions of PTH.</p> <p><b>Nervous system</b></p> <p>Synapse: Types, Transmission, Sensory receptors: Definition, Classification Organization of spinal cord, Functions of Dorsal column and Spinothalamic tract,</p> <p>Functions of Corticospinal tract, Reflex Action: Definition, reflex arc, Functions of Cerebellum, Basal ganglia, Thalamus, Hypothalamus, Cerebral cortex:</p> <p>Lobes &amp; functions. EEG – Definition and uses, Autonomic nervous system: Organization &amp; functions, Cerebrospinal fluid: Composition and function.</p>		
<b>VII</b>	<p><b>Special senses</b></p> <p>Vision: Physiological anatomy of eye ball, rods &amp; cones, Refractive errors: Myopia, hypermetropia, presbyopia &amp; astigmatism, Audition: Functions of outer, middle &amp; inner ear, cochlea, Deafness – types, Taste: Taste buds, primary taste sensation, Smell: Receptors, modalities of smell</p> <p><b>Reproductive system</b></p> <p>Male reproductive system: functions of testes, puberty, spermatogenesis functions of testosterone, semen, Female reproductive system: Ovarian hormones functions – Menstrual cycle, Hormonal basis of changes in menstrual cycle, Family Planning.</p>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>54</b>	<b>70</b>

### Suggested Practicals/Demonstration

	<b>SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION</b>	<b>Hours</b>
	<p>Study of Microscope and its uses</p> <p>Collection of blood and study of hemocytometer</p> <p>Hemoglobinometry</p> <p>Determination of RBC count</p> <p>Determination of WBC count</p> <p>Determination of blood groups</p> <p>Determination of bleeding time</p> 	8

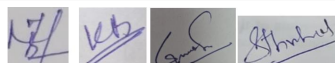
	<b>SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION</b>	<b>Hours</b>
	Determination of clotting time Recording of Arterial Blood Pressure, Clinical examination of Radial pulse Recording of spirogram and determination of vital capacity Artificial respiration, CPR Demonstration of ECG recording	
	Total	8
Demonstration will be part of theory/tutorial classes. There is in separate credit for the practicals/demonstrations.		

### Evaluation System

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

Md. Luqman Ansari | Kalpana Rankoti | Dr. Ganima Srivastava | Dr. Himanshu Thakral





**Subject: Basics of Radiation Physics****Subject Code: BMRIT - 003****RATIONALE**

Radiation physics is one of the primary pillars underlying the practice of radiology technology and understanding the principles of radiation physics helps BMRIT become better technologist.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Describe general physics related to imaging

**CO2:** Differentiate between within general radiation

**CO3:** Identify construction of radiology equipment's

**CO4:** Interpret quality of control of radiology equipment's

**CO5:** Differentiate between x-ray equipment's and other radiology related equipment's

**CO6:** Describe production of x-rays

**CO7:** Describe circuit system of radiology equipment's

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
2	--	6	5	30	70	30	70	200




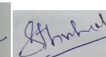
CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

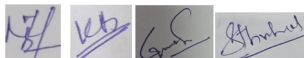
Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable tutorial assignments of minimum one hour per unit based on the curriculum.

**THEORY COMPONENTS**

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Md Tawfiq Ansari	Katana Barkati	Dr. Gopinath Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
			

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours
I	<p><b>Basic concepts:</b> Units and measurements-Force, work, power and energy-Temperature and heat-SI units of above parameters. Atomic structure-atom model-Nucleus-electronic configuration-periodic table-Isotopes-Ionization-excitation-Binding energy-electron volt-Electromagnetic radiation-Quantum nature of radiation-mass energy equivalence-Fluorescence-electromagnetic spectrum.</p>	5
II	<p><b>Electricity and magnetism:</b> Electric charges, Coulomb's Law-Unit of charge-Electric potential, unit of potential-Electric induction, capacitance and Capacitors, series and parallel connection-electric current, unit, resistance, ohm's law, electric power, Joule's law. Varying currents-Growth and decay of current in LR circuit time constant, charge and discharge of a Capacitor through a resistance and inductance. Oscillations in an LC circuit. Alternating currents: Peak and RMS values and current and voltage, circuit containing LR, CR and LCR-Power factor, series and parallel LCR circuits, DC circuit, Ohm's law, resistivity, series and parallel combination, EMF, Kirchhoff's law, heating effect of current.</p> <p><b>Electromagnetic waves:</b> Introduction, Maxwell's equation, electromagnetic waves, energy density and intensity, momentum, electromagnetic spectrum and radiation in Atmosphere.</p>	6
III	<p><b>Electronics</b></p> <p>Semiconductors; Conduction in crystals, Energy bands. Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors n-type and p-type semiconductors, majority and minority carriers. Semiconductor diodes: p-n junction-properties forward and reverse bias, characteristics of p-n junction Rectifiers-Half-wave and full wave, ripple factor, Efficiency of HW and FW rectifiers. Filter circuits; Zener diode, regulated power supply.</p> <p>Transistors-Symbols, Transistor connections and characteristics, Transistor as an amplifier, load line analysis, operating point, types of amplifiers-voltage and power amplifiers. Feedback-negative feedback in amplifiers.</p>	5
IV	<p><b>Discovery of x-rays-X-ray production and properties:</b> Bremsstrahlung radiations-Characteristics X-Rays, factors affecting X-ray emission spectra, X-ray quality and quantity, HVL measurements, heel effect, soft and hard X-Rays, added and inherent filtration, reflection and transmission targets.</p>	5
V	<p><b>Heat</b></p> <p>Definition of heat, temperature, Heat capacity, specific heat capacity, Heat transfer-conduction, convection, radiation, thermal conductivity, equation for thermal conductivity (k), the value of k of various material of interest in radiology, thermal expansion, Newton's law of cooling, Heat radiation, perfect black body, Stefan law, application in Diagnostic Radiology (Heat dissipation in both stationary and rotating X-ray tubes).</p>	4
VI	<p><b>Interaction of ionizing radiation with matter-</b>Types of interactions of X-and gamma radiation, Photoelectric &amp; Compton, Pair production, annihilation radiation.</p> <p>Interaction of X and gamma rays: Transmission through matter, law of exponential attenuation, half value layer, and linear attenuation coefficient-coherent scattering-photonuclear disintegration-Particle interactions. Interactions of X rays and Gamma rays in the body; fat-soft tissue-bone-contrast media-total attenuation coefficient-relative clinical importance.</p>	5

Md. Imtiaz Ansari  
 Kalpana Bankoti  
 Dr. Gintina Srivastava  
 Dr. Himanshu Thakral  


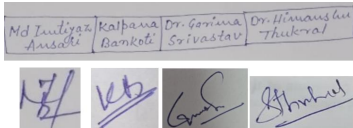
<b>VII</b>	<p><b>Exponential attenuation</b> (linear/mass attenuation coefficients), Half Value Thickness (HVT), Tenth Value Thickness (TVT), dependence on energy and atomic number.</p> <p>Radiation intensity and exposure, photon flux and energy flux density.</p> <p>LET, range of energy relationship for alpha, beta particles with X-Rays.</p> <p><b>Physical quantity, its unit and measurement:</b> Fundamental and derived quantity, SI unit, various physical/radiation quantity used in Diagnostic Radiology and its unit (for example, KVp, mA, mAS, Heat unit).</p>	<b>6</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>

### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	Basic concepts	<b>108</b>
2.	Electricity and magnetism, Electromagnetic waves	
3.	Electronics	
4.	Discovery of x-rays-X-ray production and properties	
5.	Heat	
6.	Interaction of ionizing radiation with matter-	
7.	Exponential attenuation, Physical quantity, its unit and measurement	
<b>Total</b>		<b>108</b>

### Evaluation System

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Same pattern as Summative test</li> <li>• Average of two to be considered</li> <li>• Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0</li> </ul>	50		
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
<b>Total</b>		<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Total CIE marks</b>				<b>30</b>
				

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)****Written Paper**

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

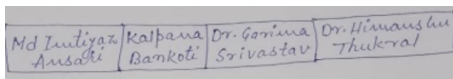
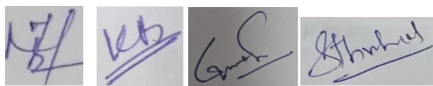
**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		Grand total
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

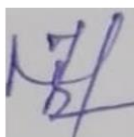
**Question Paper Blueprint**

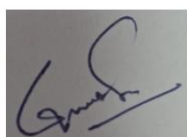
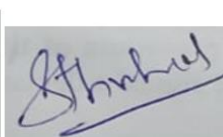
Unit	Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
Basic concepts	10
Electricity and magnetism, Electromagnetic waves	10
Electronics	06
Discovery of x-rays-X-ray production and properties	25
Heat	06
Interaction of ionizing radiation with matter-	25
Exponential attenuation, Physical quantity, its unit and measurement	14
<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>	<b>96</b>
 	

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Basic radiological physics	K. Thayalan	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Limited, 2003
2	Christensen's physics of diagnostic radiology	Curry and Dowdey	Wolters Kluwer
3	X-Ray Equipment for Student	D.N. And M.O. Chesney	Blackwell Science Ltd
4	A Textbook of Radiation Physics for Radiologic Technology	Surendra Maharjan, Suraj Sah	Samiksha Publications
5	A Concise Guide on Basic Radiographic Physics Darkroom Procedures, Radiographic Positioning & Techniques	Lalit Agarwal	JBD Publications

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



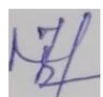

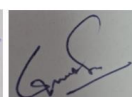
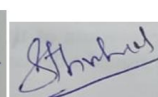


Monitoring and recording of vitals Simple aseptic techniques, sterilization and disinfection Observation of surgical dressings Concepts of First Aid	
---	--

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Principles and Practice of Nursing Management and Administration	Jogindra Vati	Jaypee Brothers Ltd
2	Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine	K Park	Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers
3	Introduction to Healthcare	Dakota Mitchell and Lee Haroun	Delmar
4	Introduction to Healthcare and Careers	Roxann Delaet	Joanes and Bartlett Learning

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gomima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

			
---	---	---	--

**Subject: Medical Terminologies and Record Keeping****Subject Code: BMRIT - 005****RATIONALE**

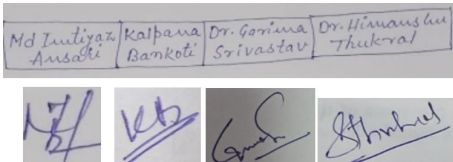
This course introduces the elements of medical terminology. Emphasis is placed on building familiarity with medical words through knowledge of roots, prefixes, and suffixes.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme  Institute level exam only: The Institute level examination will be held before the commencement of the University examinations. A Pass in the subject with a minimum of 50 marks (50% of the total 100 marks) is compulsory in order to be eligible for the award of degree. These marks will not be considered for the award of class. Supplementary examination shall be conducted by the Institute for the benefit of unsuccessful candidates. Supplementary examinations will be conducted within six weeks/six months from the date of announcement of results.
<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>	
1	--	--	1	

L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**THEORY COMPONENTS**

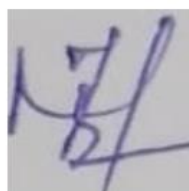
The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

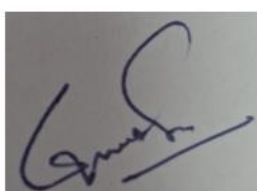
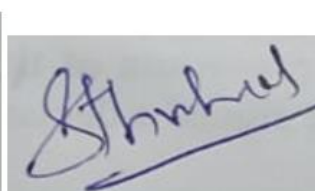
Topic and contents	Hours
<p>Topics include: origin, word building, abbreviations and symbols, terminology related to the human anatomy, reading medical orders and reports, and terminology specific to the student's field of study. Spelling is critical and will be counted when grading tests. Topics to be covered under the subject are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Derivation of medical terms.</li> <li>2. Define word roots, prefixes, and suffixes.</li> <li>3. Conventions for combined morphemes and the formation of plurals.</li> <li>4. Basic medical terms.</li> <li>5. Form medical terms utilizing roots, suffixes, prefixes, and combining roots.</li> <li>6. Interpret basic medical abbreviations/symbols.</li> <li>7. Utilize diagnostic, surgical, and procedural terms and abbreviations related to the integumentary system, musculoskeletal system, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, nervous system, and endocrine system.</li> <li>8. Interpret medical orders/reports.</li> <li>9. Data entry and management on electronic health record system.</li> </ol>	<b>18</b>
	

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Medical Terminology, Documentation, and Coding	Anne P. Stich	Routledge Publisher
2	Medical Terminology for Health Professions	Ann Ehrlich, Carol L. Schroeder	Cengage Learning
3	Medical Terminology	M. Mastenbjörk M.D. S. Meloni M.D. Medical Creation David Andersson	Medical Creations
4	Medical Records: Organization and Management	GD Mogli (Author)	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpana Bankoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
-------------------	-----------------	----------------------	----------------------



**Subject: Basic Computers and Information Science****Subject Code: BMRIT - 006****RATIONALE**

The students will be able to appreciate the role of computer technology. The course has focus on computer organization, computer operating system and software, and MS windows, Word processing, Excel data worksheet and PowerPoint presentation.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme
<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>	Institute level exam only: The Institute level examination will be held before the commencement of the University examinations. A Pass in the subject with a minimum of 50 marks (50% of the total 100 marks) is compulsory in order to be eligible for the award of degree. These marks will not be considered for the award of class. Supplementary examination shall be conducted by the Institute for the benefit of unsuccessful candidates. Supplementary examinations will be conducted within six weeks/six months from the date of announcement of results.
<b>1</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>1</b>	

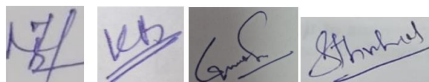
L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**THEORY COMPONENTS**

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Topic and contents	Hours
<p>Topics to be covered under the subject are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Introduction to computer: Introduction, characteristics of computer, block diagram of computer, generations of computer, computer languages.</li> <li>2. Input output devices: Input devices (keyboard, point and draw devices, data scanning devices, digitizer, electronic card reader, voice recognition devices, vision-input devices), output devices (monitors, pointers, plotters, screen image projector, voice response systems).</li> <li>3. Processor and memory: The Central Processing Unit (CPU), main memory.</li> <li>4. Storage Devices: Sequential and direct access devices, magnetic tape, magnetic disk, optical disk, mass storage devices.</li> <li>5. Introduction of windows: History, features, desktop, taskbar, icons on the desktop, operation with folder, creating shortcuts, operation with windows (opening, closing, moving, resizing, minimizing and maximizing, etc.).</li> <li>6. Introduction to MS-Word: introduction, components of a word window, creating, opening and inserting files, editing a document file, page setting and formatting the text, saving the document, spell checking, printing the document file, creating and editing of table, mail merge.</li> </ol>	<b>18</b>

Md Inuliyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Gopinath Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral



7. Introduction to Excel: introduction, about worksheet, entering information, saving workbooks and formatting, printing the worksheet, creating graphs.	
8. Introduction to power-point: introduction, creating and manipulating presentation, views, formatting and enhancing text, slide with graphs. 9. Introduction of Operating System: introduction, operating system concepts, types of operating system. 10. Computer networks: introduction, types of networks (LAN, MAN, WAN, Internet, Intranet), network topologies (star, ring, bus, mesh, tree, hybrid), components of network. 11. Internet and its Applications: definition, brief history, basic services (E-Mail, File Transfer Protocol, telnet, the World Wide Web (WWW)), www browsers, use of the internet. 12. Application of Computers in clinical settings.	
Practical on fundamentals of computers -  1. Learning to use MS office: MS word, MS PowerPoint, MS Excel. 2. To install different software. 3. Data entry efficiency	

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Basic of Computer and Information Technology	Ashok Arora	Vikas
2	Computer and Information Science	Roger Lee (editor)	Springer
3	Computer and Information Sciences	Tadeusz Czachórski, Erol Gelenbe, Krzysztof Grochla, Ricardo Lent (Editor)	Springer
4	Information science and computer basics: An introduction	Mitchell, Ruth K	Clive Bingley

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gorima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-------------------	----------------	----------------------	----------------------

**Subject: Medical law and ethics****Subject Code: BMRIT – 007****RATIONALE**

Legal and ethical considerations are firmly believed to be an integral part of medical practice in planning patient care. Advances in medical sciences, growing sophistication of the modern society's legal framework, increasing awareness of human rights and changing moral principles of the community at large, now result in frequent occurrences of healthcare professionals being caught in dilemmas over aspects arising from daily practice.

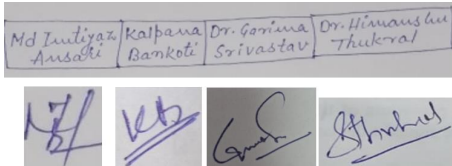
Medical ethics has developed into a well based discipline which acts as a "bridge" between theoretical bioethics and the bedside. The goal is "to improve the quality of patient care by identifying, analyzing, and attempting to resolve the ethical problems that arise in practice". Doctors are bound by, not just moral obligations, but also by laws and official regulations that form the legal framework to regulate medical practice. Hence, it is now a universal consensus that legal and ethical considerations are inherent and inseparable parts of good medical practice across the whole spectrum.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme
L	T	P	C	
1	--	--	1	Institute level exam only: The Institute level examination will be held before the commencement of the University examinations. A Pass in the subject with a minimum of 50 marks (50% of the total 100 marks) is compulsory in order to be eligible for the award of degree. These marks will not be considered for the award of class. Supplementary examination shall be conducted by the Institute for the benefit of unsuccessful candidates. Supplementary examinations will be conducted within six weeks/six months from the date of announcement of results.

L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

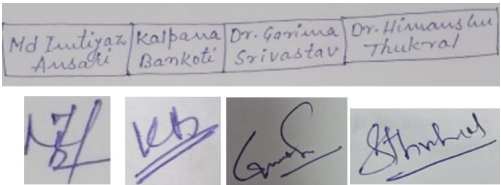
**THEORY COMPONENTS**

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Topic and contents	Hours
<p>The important and relevant topics that need to focus on are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Medical ethics - Definition - Goal - Scope</li> <li>2. Introduction to Code of conduct</li> <li>3. Basic principles of medical ethics – Confidentiality</li> <li>4. Malpractice and negligence - Rational and irrational drug therapy</li> <li>5. Autonomy and informed consent - Right of patients</li> <li>6. Care of the terminally ill- Euthanasia</li> <li>7. Organ transplantation</li> </ol>	<b>18</b>
	

<p>8. Medico legal aspects of medical records – Medico legal case and type- Records and document related to MLC - ownership of medical records - Confidentiality Privilege communication - Release of medical information - Unauthorized disclosure - retention of medical records - other various aspects.</p>	
<p>9. Professional Indemnity insurance policy  10. Development of standardized protocol to avoid near miss or sentinel events  11. Obtaining an informed consent.  12. Medical ethics - Definition - Goal - Scope  13. Introduction to Code of conduct  14. Basic principles of medical ethics – Confidentiality  15. Malpractice and negligence - Rational and irrational drug therapy  16. Autonomy and informed consent - Right of patients  17. Care of the terminally ill- Euthanasia  18. Organ transplantation  19. Medico legal aspects of medical records – Medico legal case and type- Records and document related to MLC - ownership of medical records - Confidentiality Privilege communication - Release of medical information - Unauthorized disclosure - retention of medical records - other various aspects.  20. Professional Indemnity insurance policy  21. Development of standardized protocol to avoid near miss or sentinel events  22. Obtaining an informed consent.</p>	

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Medical Law and Ethics	Bonnie F. Fremgen	Pearson
2	Medical Law and Ethics	Jonathan Herring	OUP UK
3	Medical Law and Ethics	Purushottam Behera	Mittal Publications
4	<p>Reflections on Medical Law and Ethics in India</p> 	<p>Bismi Gopalakrishnan,  Mercy Khaute, B.  Sandeep Bhat</p>	<p>Eastern Law House</p>

**Subject: Professionalism and Values****Subject Code: BMRIT – 008****RATIONALE**

The module on professionalism will deliver the concept of what it means to be a professional and how a specialized profession is different from a usual vocation. It also explains how relevant is professionalism in terms of healthcare system and how it affects the overall patient environment.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme
L	T	P	C	
1	--	--	1	Institute level exam only: The Institute level examination will be held before the commencement of the University examinations. A Pass in the subject with a minimum of 50 marks (50% of the total 100 marks) is compulsory in order to be eligible for the award of degree. These marks will not be considered for the award of class. Supplementary examination shall be conducted by the Institute for the benefit of unsuccessful candidates. Supplementary examinations will be conducted within six weeks/six months from the date of announcement of results.

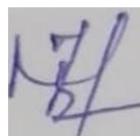
L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

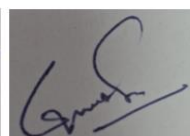
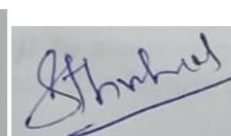
**THEORY COMPONENTS**

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Topic and contents	Hours
1. Professional values- Integrity, Objectivity, Professional competence and due care, Confidentiality 2. Personal values- ethical or moral values 3. Attitude and behavior- professional behavior, treating people equally 4. Code of conduct, professional accountability and responsibility, misconduct 5. Differences between professions and importance of team efforts 6. Cultural issues in the healthcare environment	<b>18</b>

Md Intiyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Garima Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thukral

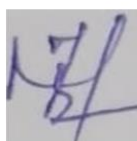


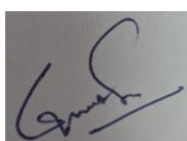
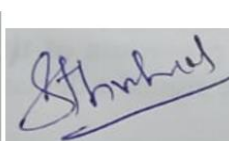



### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Textbook of Medical Ethics	Erich H Loewy	Springer
2	Professionalism, Professional Values and Ethics in Nursing	Suresh K Sharma, Asha P Shetty	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
3	Essentials of Professionalism, Professional Values & Ethics for BSc Nursing Students	Varinder Kaur	CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd
4	Textbook of Professional Ethics and Human Values	R S Nagarajan	New age International Publishers

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-------------------	----------------	----------------------	----------------------



**Subject: Principals of Management**

**Subject Code: BMRIT – 009**

### **RATIONALE**

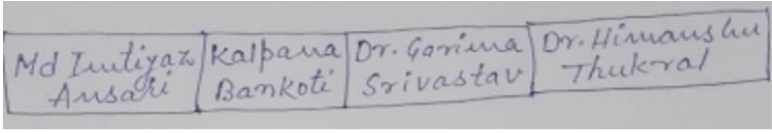
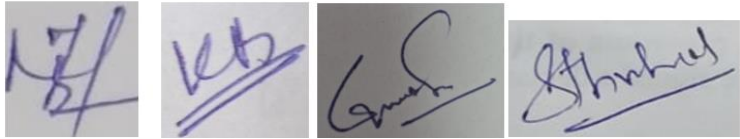
The course is intended to provide a knowledge about the basic principles of Management.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme
L	T	P	C	
1	--	--	1	Institute level exam only: The Institute level examination will be held before the commencement of the University examinations. A Pass in the subject with a minimum of 50 marks (50% of the total 100 marks) is compulsory in order to be eligible for the award of degree. These marks will not be considered for the award of class. Supplementary examination shall be conducted by the Institute for the benefit of unsuccessful candidates. Supplementary examinations will be conducted within six weeks/six months from the date of announcement of results.

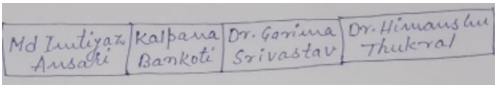
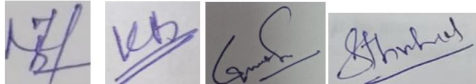
L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

### **THEORY COMPONENTS**

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Topic and contents	Hours
1. Introduction to management 2. Strategic Management 3. Foundations of Planning 4. Planning Tools and Techniques 5. Decision Making, conflict and stress management 6. Managing Change and Innovation 7. Understanding Groups and Teams 8. Leadership 9. Time Management 10. Cost and efficiency	<b>18</b>
 	

**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Title of Book</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Publication</b>
1	Essentials of Professionalism, Professional Values & Ethics for BSc Nursing Students	Varinder Kaur	CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd
2	Professionalism Professional Values and Ethics in Nursing	Suresh K Sharma	Jaypee Brothers
3	Professionalism, Professional Values & Ethics  	Shama Lohumi and Rakesh Lohumi	CBS publishers and Distributers PVT Ltd

**Subject: English and Communication skills****Subject Code: BMRIT - 010****RATIONALE**

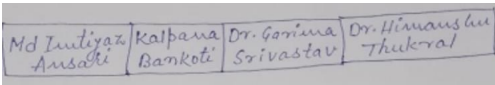
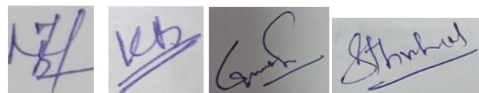
Patients need to feel safe enough to communicate honestly and openly with their care providers to receive effective treatments. Providers need to convey treatment plans and health education clearly, accessibly, and empathetically so that patients can receive optimal care.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme  Institute level exam only: The Institute level examination will be held before the commencement of the University examinations. A Pass in the subject with a minimum of 50 marks (50% of the total 100 marks) is compulsory in order to be eligible for the award of degree. These marks will not be considered for the award of class. Supplementary examination shall be conducted by the Institute for the benefit of unsuccessful candidates. Supplementary examinations will be conducted within six weeks/six months from the date of announcement of results.
<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>	
<b>1</b>	--	--	<b>1</b>	

L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**THEORY COMPONENTS**

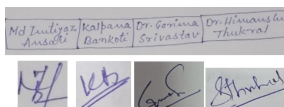
The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Topic and contents	Hours
<p><b>Language-Basic</b></p> <p>Content: Review of grammar, Remedial study of grammar, building vocabulary Introduction</p> <p>Parts of speech</p> <p>Exercise on use of grammar Tense, Number, Gender</p> <p><b>Assessment methods:</b> Objective type, Fill in the blanks.</p> <p>Content: Read and comprehend prescribed course books Reading, Summarizing, Comprehension</p>  	<b>18</b>

<p><b>Assessment methods:</b> Fill in the blanks and one-mark questions</p> <p>Content: Various Forms of composition Letter writing Note taking Precise writings Diary writing Reports on health problem etc. Official correspondence: Outgoing correspondence, replying incoming correspondence, writing circulars, notices, charge memos, note taking, writing summaries, observation reports. Teaching learning activities: Exercise on writing: Letter writing, resume/CV Essay writing.</p> <p><b>Assessment methods:</b> Applications, short reports to be written.</p> <p>Content: English- Spoken mode, Debates, Telephonic conversation, formal &amp; informal conversation: Agreeing emphasizing, interrupting, politely, opinions, interviews, visual presentation. Teaching learning activities: Participating in seminar, Telephonic conversation, conversation in different situations, practice in public speaking</p> <p><b>Assessment methods:</b> Assessment of the skills based on the checklist.</p> <p>Content: Listening to comprehension media, audio, video, speeches, definition of listening, types of listening, purposes of listening, obstacles for listening, contexts of listening, to be a good listener, listening to a lecture etc. Teaching learning activities: Listening to audio, video tapes and identify the key points.</p> <p><b>Assessment methods:</b> Practical test of listening and filling out the blanks, essay type.</p>	
--	--

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Communicative English for General Nursing Students	Tom Koorkkakala	K.J. Publications
3	How to write and speak Better, Reader's	John Ellison Kahn	Reader's Digest Association
4	Communication and Soft Skill Development	Ashwini Deshpande	Career Publications



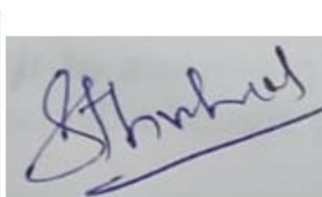
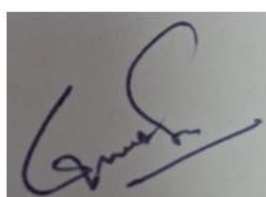
**BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part I (studentship)**

Students will gain additional skills in clinical procedures, interaction with patients and professional personnel. Students apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the supervision of a senior technologist. Students are tested on intermediate clinical radio diagnosis skills.

**Studentship or observership must include:**

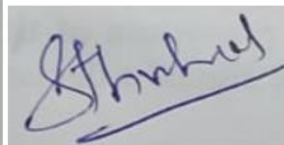
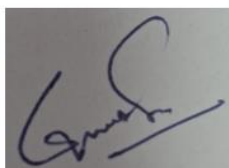
- A minimum of 14 hours per week is considered as studentship in every semester.
- Provide simulation and skill labs for practicing skills specific to the program in the initial years of observership/studentship.
- Every semester must have seminars/workshops on new developments/ technologies. Check annexure for marking criteria.
- If the clinical facility is not within the same campus, transportation should be provided to the students and interns.
- All practical skills must be supervised and recorded in a Logbook and skills to be evaluated after the completion of the internship.

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



## Second Semester

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpana Bankoti	Dr. Garima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	--------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



**Subject: Basics of Microbiology****Subject Code: BMRIT - 011****RATIONALE**

Basics of Microbiology helps students to gain information about structure, metabolism reproduction, function and diseases caused by bacteria, viruses, bacterial viruses, animal viruses, archaea, mycoplasma and Phytoplasma. It also makes students aware of the nature and other important aspects of the microorganisms.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO001:** Describe the structure, classification, morphology and growth of bacteria

**CO002:** Describe the methods sterilization and disinfection and its applications

**CO003:** Explain the concepts of immunity, hypersensitivity and immunization

**CO004:** Describe Nosocomial infections and methods for prevention of Hospital acquired infections

**CO005:** Describe the management of biomedical waste

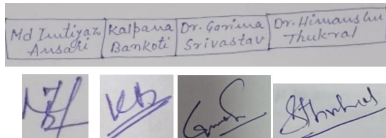
**CO006:** List the common fungi and viruses and explain their importance

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
2	--	--	2	70	30	--	--	100

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**THEORY COMPONENTS**

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours
I	<p>Morphology of Bacteria: (Structure, size, shape, arrangement cell wall, flagella, spore, capsule, fimbria)</p> <p>Physiology of Bacteria: (Bacterial growth curve, Temp, O<sub>2</sub>, Co<sub>2</sub>, micro and macro nutrient growth requirements)</p> <p>Culture Media</p> 	9

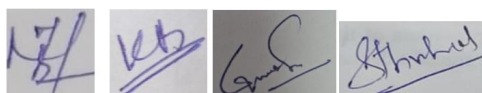
	Culture Methods Antimicrobial sensitivity tests Sterilization and Disinfections: Definition, Dry heat Sterilization, Moist heat Sterilization, Chemical disinfectants, Gaseous disinfection, Test for disinfection / Sterilization control	
<b>II</b>	Infection: Classification, Sources of infection, Modes of transmission Nosocomial infection including biomedical waste management: Definition, Classification, Significance, Prevention and control Biomedical waste management	<b>8</b>
<b>III</b>	Immunology: Immunity, Antigen, Antibody, Hypersensitivity	<b>5</b>
<b>IV</b>	General Properties of fungi. (General characters, classification, Morphology, Reproduction) General Properties of Viruses. (General character, classification based on Genome, Capsid, Envelope & replication and cultivation of virus).	<b>7</b>
<b>V</b>	Applied Microbiology: Pyrexia of unknown origin, Meningitis, Zoonotic infections, Hepatitis, HIV infection and AIDS, Food poisoning, Diarrhea, Urinary tract infections, Pulmonary Tuberculosis	<b>7</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>

### Evaluation System

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Same pattern as Summative test</li> <li>• Average of two to be considered</li> <li>• Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0</li> </ul>	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

Md Imtiaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Goniura Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral



**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)****Written Paper**

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

**Question Paper Blueprint**

Unit	Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
Unit I	26
Unit II	20
Unit III	13
Unit IV	22
Unit V	15
<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>	<b>96</b>

**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**




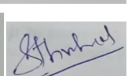
S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Text book of Microbiology	Ananth Narayana & Panikkar	University Press
2	Text book of Microbiology	Baveja	Arya Publications
3	Text book of Microbiology	Sathish Gupte	JPB
4	Textbook of Microbiology	Dr Arora	CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd

Md Inuliyaz Ansari

Kalyana Bankoti

Dr. Gorina Srivastav

Dr. Himanshu Thakral

**Subject: Basics of Biochemistry****Subject Code: BMRIT - 012****RATIONALE**

Biochemistry is a key component of all education programmes for MRITs and should have a strong focus on laboratory investigation with radiological procedures. The topics provide the student with an understanding of the blood investigation and relationships of the systems which are essential in-patient preparation and procedures.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Understand the responsibility of health care personals and hazards faced in the clinical laboratory

**CO2:** Explain the different types, use, care and maintenance of laboratory apparatus and instruments.

**CO3:** Understand the fundamental chemistry and knowledge of different solutions

**CO4:** Understand what acids, bases, salts and indicators are and also know about acid base balance

**CO5:** Describe the sample collection procedure to analyse various biochemical parameters

**CO6:** Describe assimilation of nutrients and consequences of malnutrition

**CO7:** Understand the different functional tests like LFT (Liver function test), RFT (Renal function test)




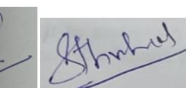
**CO8:** Understand the overview of tumor markers, cardiac markers, blood sugar and GTT, lipid profile and diagnostic enzymology

**CO9:** Describe the applications of radioisotopes

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
2	--	--	2	30	70	--	--	100

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

Md Imtiaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gopinna Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
---------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------

			
---	---	---	--

## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours
I	<p><b>Nutrition</b></p> <p>Calorific value</p> <p>Nitrogen Balance</p> <p>Respiratory quotient</p> <p>BMR</p> <p>Nutritional importance of carbohydrate, lipids, proteins, vitamins and minerals</p> <p>Emphasis on parenteral nutrition</p>	9
II	<p><b>Acid–Base Balance</b></p> <p>Henderson Hassel Bach equation</p> <p>Buffers of the body fluids</p> <p>Ph regulation</p> <p>Disturbance in acid base balance</p> <p>Anion gap</p> <p>Basic principles &amp; estimation of blood gases and ph.</p> <p><b>Water &amp; Electrolyte balance</b></p> <p>Over view of water and electrolyte balance</p> <p>Basic principles in estimation of Electrolyte</p> <p>Normal values and interpretation</p>	9
III	<p><b>Clinical chemistry</b></p> <p><b>Brief over view of normal values and interpretation of results</b></p> <p>Renal function tests</p> <p>Liver function tests</p> <p>Tumor markers</p> <p>Cardiac markers</p> <p>Diagnostic Enzymology</p> <p>Lipid profile</p>	9



	Blood sugar and GTT Normal & Abnormal urine analysis	
<b>IV</b>	Radioisotopes: Definition, Application & Hazards Normal and abnormal urine analysis Clinical charts on LFT, RFT, and diagnostic enzymology	<b>9</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>

### Evaluation System

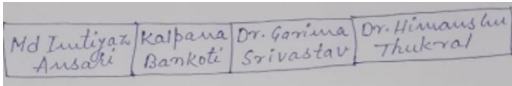
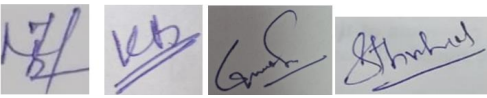
#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Same pattern as Summative test</li> <li>• Average of two to be considered</li> <li>• Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0</li> </ul>	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

#### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

#### Written Paper

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

### Question Paper Blueprint

Unit		Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
1.	<b>Introduction to Clinical Biochemistry, Chemicals &amp; Reagents, Preparation of solution, Specimen collection and handling</b>	25
2.	<b>Nutrition</b>	20
3.	<b>Acid–Base Balance; Water &amp; Electrolyte balance</b>	22
4.	Clinical chemistry; Brief over view of normal values and interpretation of results	14
5.	Radioisotopes: Definition, Application & Hazards	15
6.		
	<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>	<b>96</b>

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES





S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Text Book of biochemistry for dental students	Vasudevan, Sreekumari, Kannan Vaidyanathan	Jaypee Brothers
2	Biochemistry for Physiotherapy and allied health sciences students.	Nandini M, Beena V Shetty, Vinitha Ramanath Rai	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publisher (India)
3	Clinical chemistry	Varley	CBS Publishers & Distributors
4	Textbook of biochemistry for paramedical students	P Ramamoorthy	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers

Md Inuliyaz  
Ansari

Kalpana  
Bankoti

Dr. Gomima  
Srivastav

Dr. Himanshu  
Thakral

## Subject: Conventional Radiography and Equipment

Subject Code: BMRIT -013

### RATIONALE

Conventional Radiography and Equipment provide the students' knowledge about the x-ray equipment working and also about how x-rays are produced.

### COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO001:** Describe the structure and working of x-ray tube, production of x-rays

**CO002:** Describe the types of x-ray tube and heat dissipation methods

**CO003:** Explain the x-ray generator circuits

**CO004:** Describe the different circuit types

**CO005:** Describe the meters and exposure timers

**CO006:** List the control of scattered radiation

**CO007:** Describes about the fluoroscopy

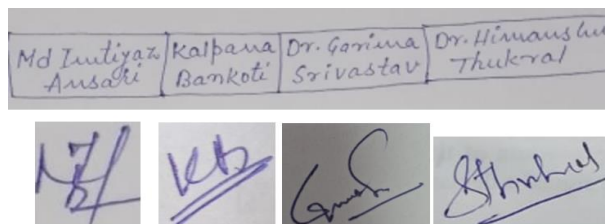
**CO008:** Explains about the care and maintenance of x-ray equipment's

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
				CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
4	--	2	5	30	70	--	--	100

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

### TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable tutorial assignments of minimum one hour per unit based on the curriculum.

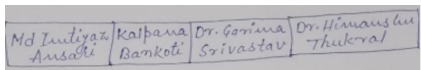
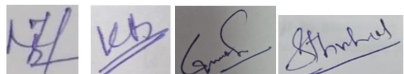




## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours
I	<p><b>X-ray tube:</b> historical aspects, construction of X-ray tubes, requirements for X-ray production (Electron source, target and anode material), tube voltage, current, space charge, early X-ray tubes (Coolidge tubes, tube envelop and housing) cathode assembly, X-ray production efficiency, advances in X-ray tubes, anode angulation and rotating tubes-line focus principle-space charge effect, tube cooling-Modern X-ray tubes-stationary anode, rotating anode, grid controlled X-ray tubes, heel effect, off focus radiation, tube insert and housing-Tube rating-Quality and intensity of x-rays-factors influencing them.</p> <p><b>Production of x-rays:</b> X-ray tube, gas filled x-ray tube, construction working and limitations; stationary anode x - ray tube; construction, working, methods of cooling the anode, rating chart and cooling chart;</p>	10
II	<p><b>Rotating anode x - ray tube:</b> construction, working rating chart, speed of anode rotation, angle of anode inclination, dual focus and practical consideration in choice of focus, anode heel effect, grid-controlled x - ray tube; effect of variation of anode voltage and filament temperature; continuous and characteristics spectrum of x - rays, inherent filter and added filter, their effect on quality of the spectrum.</p> <p><b>Grid controlled and high-speed tubes,</b> focal spot size, speed of anode rotation, target angle, inherent filtration, radiation leakage and scattered radiation). Interlocking and X-ray tube overload protection.</p> <p><b>Heat dissipation methods,</b> tube rating, heat units, operating conditions and maintenance and Q.A procedures.</p>	10
III	<p><b>Filament current and voltage,</b> X-ray circuits (primary circuit, auto transformer), types of exposure switch and timers, principle of automatic exposure control (AEC) and practical operation, filament circuit, high voltage circuits, half wave, full wave rectification, three phase circuits. Types of generators, 3 phase, 6 and 12 pulse circuits-high frequency generators-falling load generators, Capacitors discharge and grid control systems.</p> <p><b>X-ray generator circuits:</b> Vacuum tube diodes-semi-conductor diodes-transistor-Rectification-half and full wave-self rectification-X-ray generator; filament circuit-kilo Voltage circuit-single phase generator-three phase generator-constant potential generator-Fuses, switches and interlocks-Exposure switching and timers-HT cables-earthing.</p>	10
IV	<p><b>High tension circuits:</b> H.T. generator for x-ray machines, three phase rectifier circuits, three phase six rectifier circuit, three phase 12 rectifier circuit, high and medium frequency circuits; capacitance filter control and stabilizing equipment;</p>	10

	<p>mains voltage compensator, mains resistance compensator, compensation for frequency variation, control of tube voltage, kV compensator; high tension selector switch, filament circuit, control of tube current, space charge compensation.</p> <p><b>Interlocking circuits: Relays:</b> description and working, use of relays in diagnostic machines for over load protection, circuit diagram; simplified circuit and block diagrams illustrating sequence of events from mains supply to controlled emission of x-rays.</p>	
V	<p><b>Meters and exposure timers:</b> Moving coil galvanometer: construction and working/conversion to millimeter, ammeter and voltmeter, meters commonly used in diagnostic x-ray machines, pre reading kV meter and millimeter, digital panel meters. Clockwork timers, synchronous motor timer, electronic timers, photo metric timers (fluorescent and photoelectric effect as applied in timers), ion chamber-based timers, integrated timer.</p>	10
VI	<p><b>Control of scattered radiation: Beam limiting devices:</b> cones, diaphragms, light beam collimator, beam centering device, methods to verify beam centering and field alignment; Filters- inherent filters, added filters, heavy metal filters, grids; design and control of scattered radiation, grid ratio, grid cut-off, parallel grid, focused grid, crossed grid, grided cassettes, stationary and moving grid potter bucky diaphragms, various types of grid movements; single stroke movement, oscillatory movement and reciprocatory movement.</p>	8
VII	<p><b>Fluoroscopy:</b> Fluorescence and phosphorescence - description, fluorescent materials used in fluoroscopic screens, construction of fluoroscopic screen and related accessories, tilting table, dark adaptation. Image intensifier - Construction and working, advantages over fluoroscopic device, principles and methods of visualizing intensified image, basic principles of closed-circuit television camera and picture tube. Vidicon camera, CCD. Automatic brightness control, automatic exposure control, chamber selection during fluoroscopy. Serial radiography: Manual cassette changer, rapid automatic film changer, basic principles of cine fluoroscopy and angiography use of grid-controlled x-ray tube.</p>	8
VIII	<p><b>Care and Maintenance of X-ray equipment;</b> General care; functional tests; testing the performance of exposure timers, assessing the MA settings, testing the available KV, measurement of focal spot of an x-ray tube, testing the light beam diaphragm, practical precautions pertaining to Brakes and locks, H.T. cables, meters and controls, tube stands and tracks as well as accessory equipment.</p>	6
<b>Total</b>		<b>72</b>
 		

**SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION**

Sr. No		Hours
1.	X-ray tube; Production of x-rays	5
2.	Rotating anode x - ray tube; Grid controlled and high-speed tubes; Heat dissipation methods	4
3.	Filament current and voltage; X-ray generator circuits	5
4.	High tension circuits; Interlocking circuits; Relays	5
5.	Meters and exposure timers	5
6.	Control of scattered radiation: Beam limiting devices	4
7.	Fluoroscopy	4
8.	Care and Maintenance of X-ray equipment	4
	Total	36

**Evaluation System****Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)**

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Same pattern as Summative test</li> <li>• Average of two to be considered</li> <li>• Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0</li> </ul>	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpana Bankoti	Dr. Goniya Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)  
Written Paper**

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

**Question Paper Blueprint**

Unit	TOPICS	Marks ( $\pm$ 5%)
1.	X-ray tube; Production of x-rays	16
2.	Rotating anode x - ray tube; Grid controlled and high-speed tubes; Heat dissipation methods	15
3.	Filament current and voltage; X-ray generator circuits	10
4.	High tension circuits; Interlocking circuits; Relays	10
5.	Meters and exposure timers	9
6.	Control of scattered radiation: Beam limiting devices	16
7.	Fluoroscopy	10
8.	Care and Maintenance of X-ray equipment	10
	<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>	<b>96</b>

**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**




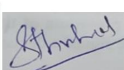
S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Radiographic Imaging (CBS)I.C.R.P.	D.N. Chesney & M.O Chesney	CBS Publishers & Distributors
2	An Introduction of Physics to Diagnostic Radiography	Christensen, Curry & Dowdey	Lea & Febiger
3	Radiological Science for technologists	Stewart C Bushong	Mosby
4	Equipment for Diagnostic Radiography	E. Forster	Springer Dordrecht
5	The Physics of Radiology and Imaging	K Thayalan	Jaypee

Md Imdiyaz Ansari

Kalpana Bankoti

Dr. Gopinath Srivastav

Dr. Himanshu Thakral

## Subject: Clinical Radiography Positioning (Part I)

**Subject Code: BMRIT - 014**

### RATIONALE

Clinical Radiography Positioning Part- 1 provides the students with knowledge of x-ray imaging, positioning and all the care that should be taken.

### COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Understand the basic patient positioning during radiographic investigation.

**CO2:** Apply special positioning skills for different pathological and physical conditions.

**CO3:** Application of equipments while working in radiology departments.

**CO4:** Choose proper position during radiography.

**CO5:** Explain relative positions of x-ray tube and patient relevant exposure factors during radiography.

**CO6:** Explain the use of accessories.

**CO7:** Explain the anatomic and physiological basis of the procedure to be undertaken.

**CO8:** Explain the radiographic appearances of both normal and common abnormal conditions.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
4	1	6	8	30	70	30	70	

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

### TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS

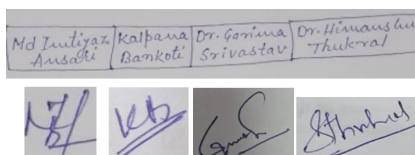
Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable tutorial assignments of minimum one hour per unit based on the curriculum.

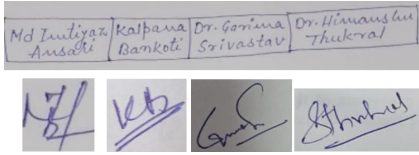
Md Iqtiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
----------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------

## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours
I	<p><b>Principles of Radiography:</b></p> <p>Preparation of the Room, Apparatus and Instruments Positions of the Patient: Erect, Sitting, Supine, Prone, Lateral, Oblique, Decubitus Etc. Relative position of X-Ray tube and patient, relevant exposure factors. Use of accessories such as radiographic cones, grid and positioning aids. Anatomic and Physiological basis</p>	8
	<p>of the procedure, Association with theory with practical work. Radiographic appearances, both normal and common abnormal conditions where elementary knowledge of the pathology involved will ensure the application of the appropriate radiographic technique. Modifications in technique for various disabilities and types of subjects. Radiation protection, use of gonad shield, practical methods of reducing radiation dose to the patient.</p>	
II	<p><b>Upper limb:</b></p> <p>Routine projections for the whole hand, fingers, wrist joint, forearm, elbow joint and humerus.</p> <p>Supplementary projections for Scaphoid, Carpal tunnel, Ball Catchers projections, Head of the Radius, Supracondylar fracture and Olecranon process</p>	10
III	<p><b>Lower limb:</b></p> <p>Routine projections for the whole foot, toes, calcaneum, ankle joint, leg, knee-joint, patella and femurs.</p> <p>Supplementary projections for Talo-Calcaneal joint, Forced projections for torn ligaments, Flat Feet, Club Feet, Intercondylar projections for loose bodies in the knee, Axial projection for Patella.</p>	10
IV	<p><b>Shoulder Girdle and Thorax:</b></p> <p>Routine projections for the shoulder joint, Scapula, Acromio-Clavicular joint, Clavicle, Sternoclavicular joint, Sternum and Ribs.</p> <p>Supplementary projections for the axial projection of Clavicle, Bicipital groove, Coracoid process.</p>	10
V	<p><b>Vertebral Column:</b></p> <p>Routine projections for Atlanto -Occipital joint, cervical spine, Cervico- thoracic Junction, thoracic Spine, lumbar Spine, Lumbo Sacral Region, Sacrum and Coccyx.</p> <p>Supplementary projections for the intervertebral foramina, posterior arch of Atlas, Flexion and Extension of Cervical Spine, Scoliosis and Kyphosis, Sacro Iliac Joint.</p>	12



VI	<p><b>Skull:</b>  Routine projections for cranium and facial bones;  Supplementary projections for trauma, Towne's method, Sellaturcica, Optic foramina, Jugular foramina, Temporal bones, Mastoids, Petrous bone, Zygomatic arches, Orbits, Maxillae, Nasal bones, Mandible, Temporomandibular joints.  Nasal Sinuses: Techniques for Frontal, Maxillary, Ethmoidal and Sphenoid Sinuses, erect and horizontal projections for fluid levels.</p>	12
VII	<p><b>Pelvic girdle and hip region:</b>  Routine projections for the whole pelvis, Sacro-Ileac joints, hip joint and Neck of Femur.  Supplementary projections for the greater and lesser trochanters of Femur.  Frog leg projection, Ischium, Symphysis Pubis, Ileum, Acetabulum and Congenital Dislocation of Hip, Arthrodesis.  <b>Skeletal survey:</b> Skeletal survey for metabolic bone disease, metastases, hormonal disorder, renal disorders.</p>	10
<p><b>Total</b></p> 		72

### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	Principles of Radiography	15
2.	Upper limb	17
3.	Lower limb	17
4.	Shoulder Girdle and Thorax	14
5.	Vertebral Column	15
6.	Skull	15
7.	Pelvic girdle and hip region, Skeletal survey	15
Total		<b>108</b>

Md. Iqbal Ansari    Kalpana Bankoti    Dr. Ganiya Srivastav    Dr. Himanshu Thakral

### Evaluation System

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

*Handwritten signatures: 17/12, kb, G.S., Shambhu*

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Same pattern as Summative test</li> <li>• Average of two to be considered</li> <li>• Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0</li> </ul>	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

#### Written Paper

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.




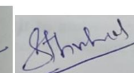
Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		<b>Grand total</b>
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

**Question Paper Blueprint**

Unit	TOPICS	Marks 5%) (±
1.	Principles of Radiography	13
2.	Upper limb	15
3.	Lower limb	13
4.	Shoulder Girdle and Thorax	13
5.	Vertebral Column	15
6.	Skull	13
7.	Pelvic girdle and hip region, Skeletal survey	14
<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>		<b>96</b>

Md Imtiaz Ansari    Kalpana Bankoti    Dr. Goniama Srivastava    Dr. Himanshu Thakral

## SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Atlas of Radiographic Positioning and Radiological Procedures	Philip W Ballinger, Eugene D. Frank	Mosby
2	Clarks Positioning in Radiography	Ra Swallow, E Naylor	Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
3	Merrill's Atlas of Radiographic Positioning and Procedures	Bruce W. Long & Jeanne Hall Rollins & Barbara J. Smith	Mosby
4	Bontrager's Textbook of Radiographic Positioning and Related Anatomy	John Lampignano and Leslie E Kendrick	Elsevier Science
5	Radiology Of Positioning and Applied Anatomy for Students and Practitioners	Garkal Gs	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
6	A Guide on Special Radiographic Investigations & Techniques	Lalit Agarwal	JBD Publications




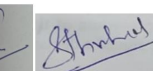
### BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part II (studentship)

Students will gain additional skills in clinical procedures, interaction with patients and professional personnel. Students apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the supervision of a senior technologist. Students are tested on intermediate clinical radio diagnosis skills.

#### Studentship or observership must include:

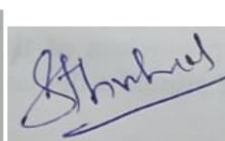
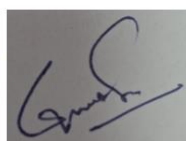
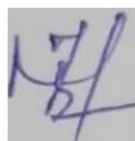
- A minimum of 14 hours per week is considered as studentship in every semester.
- Provide simulation and skill labs for practicing skills specific to the program in the initial years of observership/studentship.
- Every semester must have seminars/workshops on new developments/ technologies. Check annexure for marking criteria.
- If the clinical facility is not within the same campus, transportation should be provided to the students and interns.
- All practical skills must be supervised and recorded in a Logbook and skills to be evaluated after the completion of the internship.

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------

			
---	---	---	--

# Third Semester

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gomina Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



**Subject: Pathology****Subject Code: BMRIT -015****RATIONALE**

Pathology helps students to learn about the advances in basic science and clinical pathology. And help students learn and classify the type of diseases, to help learn about the mechanism of action of various diseases and to gain knowledge on lab tests.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Define the term “Disease” or concepts of Diseases.

**CO2:** Define, classify diseases and the medical terms used.

**CO3:** Describe the cause and mechanism of a few common diseases they come across during their routine work.

**CO4:** Common changes seen in these diseased persons in different organs/tissues/body fluids.

**CO5:** Names of the common laboratory tests done to diagnose the diseases like examination of urine, blood, other body fluids and tissues.

**CO6:** Enumerate the proper methods of collection, preservation and delivery of the samples to the respective laboratories.

**CO7:** Describe the procedures of procuring the whole blood or blood components from blood bank and the complications of blood transfusion.

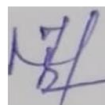

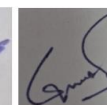
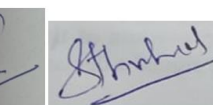
Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
2	--	--	2	30	70	--	--	

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

Md Imtiaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
---------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

			
---	---	---	--

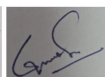
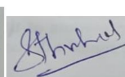
## THEORY COMPONENTS

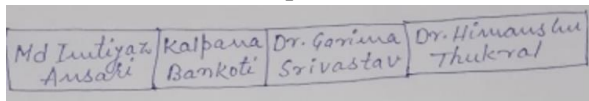
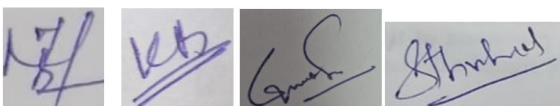
The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<p>Introduction to Pathology, Cell membrane, Cytoplasm, contents and nucleus Various injuries – Cell changes – Reversible changes, fatty liver, hydropic changes and Irreversible changes</p> <p>Irreversible changes – Necrosis. Types with examples. Apoptosis Pigments – Classification. Bilirubin, melanin, pathological calcification</p> <p>Inflammation – Definition, classification, signs, vascular &amp; cellular events in acute inflammation</p> <p>Repair and wound healing, fracture healing, complications, factors influencing healing</p> <p>Infectious diseases – Tuberculosis, leprosy, fungal diseases, malaria</p>	7	10
II	<p>Oedema – Definition, classification, causes, pathogenesis. Pulmonary oedema, cardiac oedema, Renal oedema, Lymphedema</p> <p>Thrombosis – Definition, classification, pathogenesis, venous and arterial thrombosis, fate of thrombus</p> <p>Embolism – Definition, classification and clinical manifestations – Infarction, gangrene</p> <p>Cellular adaptations and Growth disorders: Atrophy, hypertrophy, hyperplasia, metaplasia, dysplasia and neoplasia</p> <p>Neoplasia (Tumors) – Definition, nomenclature, differences between benign and malignant tumors metastasis</p> <p>Causes (carcinogens), clinical features and lab diagnosis of cancers</p> <p>Genetics – Genetic diseases, cause, Common cytogenic diseases – Klinefelter, Downs and Turners syndrome.</p> <p>Complete urine examination – physical, chemical, microscopy of sediment Liver function tests, Renal function tests</p> <p>Cytology, FNAC, Surgical pathology, biopsy, resected specimen preservation, fixation and filling of request forms</p>	8	15

Md. Imtiaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Goniama Srivastava | Dr. Himanshu Thakral



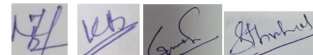



<p><b>III</b></p>	<p>Blood collection for investigations, anticoagulant. Sample collection, labeling, transportation to labs</p> <p>Common hematological tests – Peripheral blood smear, Haemoglobin, Packed cell volume, WBC count – variation of total and differential leukocyte count, Platelet count</p> <p>Bone marrow Aspiration and biopsy; Indications, procedure, contraindications and complications</p> <p>Anemias – Definition, classification, Iron deficiency anemia, causes, clinical features and lab diagnosis</p> <p>Megaloblastic anemia – cause, classification, diagnosis. Briefly hemolytic anemia Leukemia – Definition, classification, lab diagnosis of Acute Leukemias (AML &amp; ALL) and Chronic Leukemias (CML &amp; CLL)</p> <p>Bleeding disorders – Classification, Vascular, Platelet and coagulation factors contribution in clotting. Common Platelet disorders</p> <p>Common coagulation disorders (Hemophilia, DIC). BT, CT, Prothrombin time and APTT for diagnosis</p> <p>Blood grouping, cross matching, collection of blood from blood donors. Mandatory tests done in blood bank, blood components, complications of blood transfusion and its evaluation</p>	<p>7</p>	<p>15</p>
<p><b>IV</b></p>	<p>Osteomyelitis – Acute and chronic, Tubercular, causes, pathology &amp; its complications</p> <p>Diseases of joints – Osteoarthritis and Rheumatoid arthritis – causes, aetiopathogenesis, pathology, complications</p> <p>Metabolic disease of bones – Osteoporosis, Osteomalacia, Rickets</p> <p>Cardiovascular diseases – Introduction, Atherosclerosis – definition, risk factors, sites/ organs, pathology manifestations, complications. Aneurysms – types, causes and complications</p> <p>Ischemic heart disease (IHD) – Types, Pathogenesis of Angina, Myocardial infarctions and its complications</p> <p>Rheumatic heart disease – etiology, pathogenesis and morphology of the heart Hypertension – definition, causes, complications</p> <p>Heart failure – Causes, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and complications</p>  	<p>7</p>	<p>15</p>

V	Respiratory diseases – Chronic obstructive pulmonary airway diseases – causes, pathology and complications of each (asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphysema, Bronchiectasis in brief). Pneumonia – classification, clinical features and morphology Pulmonary tuberculosis – classification/ types, primary, complex, miliary TB and cavitary TB, complications Pleural effusion – definition, causes, clinical features and diagnosis Renal system; Glomerulonephritis, nephritic and nephrotic syndrome. Tubulointerstitial diseases, Renal failure – Acute and chronic Pyelonephritis – Types, causes, organ changes and complications. Renal stones – Causes, pathogenesis, clinical features. Hydronephrosis – causes, clinical features and diagnosis	7	15
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>70</b>

### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fatty liver – Gross &amp; Microscopy</li> <li>• T.B. Lymphadenitis – Gross &amp; Microscopy</li> <li>• Acute Appendicitis – Gross &amp; Microscopy</li> <li>• Granulation tissue – Microscopy</li> <li>• Mechanism of thrombosis, Sites &amp; complications and clinical features (effects)</li> <li>• Atrophy &amp; Hypertrophy (Heart).</li> <li>• Benign tumors - Squamous papilloma – Gross &amp; Microscopy, Adenoma Colon               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Gross &amp; Microscopy, Leiomyoma uterus – Gross &amp; Microscopy;</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Malignant tumors - Squamous cell carcinoma – Gross &amp; Microscopy, Adenocarcinoma colon – Gross &amp; Microscopy, Malignant melanoma skin – Gross &amp; Microscopy, Osteosarcoma bone – Gross &amp; Microscopy</li> <li>• Metastasis – Lung, liver, lymph nodes (specimens)</li> <li>• Blood collections – Containers, Anticoagulants Hb%, PCV, ESR, Peripheral smear and Bone marrow aspiration</li> <li>• Cytology – Body fluids, FNAC.</li> <li>• Histopathology – Specimens, biopsies, fixatives. Request form writing.</li> </ul>	6

Md. Imtiaz Anis  
 Kaibawa Bankoti  
 Dr. Ganima Srivastava  
 Dr. Himanshu Thakral  


Sr. No		Hours
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Blood grouping, Transfusion complications, components.</li> <li>Anemias – Microcytic hypochromic, Megaloblastic (slides)</li> <li>Leukemia – AML &amp; CML (Slides)</li> <li>Atherosclerosis, MI, Rheumatic valvular lesions</li> <li>Renal stones, hydronephrosis, chronic pyelonephritis (specimens)</li> <li>Lung – Pneumonias, pulmonary tuberculosis cavitory lung abscess (specimens).</li> </ul>	
	Total	6

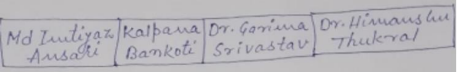
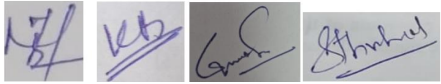
### Evaluation System

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

#### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

##### Written Paper

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150
 			

### Question Paper Blueprint

Unit	Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
Unit I	16
Unit II	20
Unit III	20
Unit IV	20
Unit V	20
<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>	<b>96</b>

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES



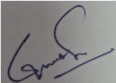
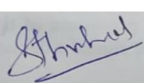
S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Textbook of Pathology with Pathology	Harsh Mohan	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd
2	Pathology Basis of Disease	Robbins and Cotran	Saunders Elsevier
3	Text book on Pathology for DMLT & Paramedical Courses	Dr. I Clement	Emmess medical publishers
4	Text book of Pathology & Microbiology for Paramedical Students	Aruna Singh	Notion Press

Md Inuliyaz  
Ansari

Kalpana  
Bankoti

Dr. Gaurima  
Srivastav

Dr. Himanshu  
Thakral

## Subject: Clinical Radiography Positioning (Part- II)

Subject Code: BMRIT - 016

### RATIONALE

Clinical Radiography Positioning Part-2 provides the students with knowledge of x-ray imaging, positioning and all the care that should be taken. To improve skills and knowledge on patient positioning for students' MRIT and to identify radiological pathologies and to gain knowledge on radiographic anatomy. They also gain knowledge of image quality in radiological images and management of patients in emergency situations.

### COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Prepare management and positioning of patients

**CO2:** Correlate of indications, contraindications of the patient

**CO3:** Understand the patient preparations needed before any radiological examination.

**CO4:** Generalize knowledge of post procedural care.

**CO5:** Students will be able position the patients for radiological procedures.

**CO6:** Knowledge of image quality in radiological images.

**CO7:** Management of patients in radiology department for various procedures.

**CO8:** Ability to handle emergency situations in radiology department.

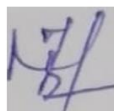

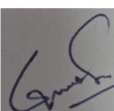
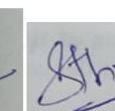
Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				Total Marks
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	200
2	1	6	6	30	70	30	70	

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

### TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS

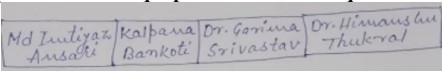
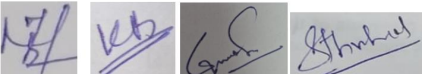
Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

Md Izziyazi Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

			
---	---	---	--

## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.




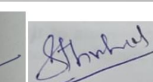
Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<p><b>Dental Radiography</b></p> <p>Technique for intra oral full mouth. - Occlusal projections. - Extra oral projections including orthopantomography. - Supplementary techniques.</p> <p><b>Upper respiratory system</b></p> <p>Technique for postnasal airways, larynx, trachea, thoracic inlet, Valsalva maneuver. - Phonation.</p>	5	10
II	<p><b>Lung and Mediastinum:</b> Supplementary projections: Antero-posterior, obliques, lordotic, apical projection, use of penetrated postero-anterior projection. - Expiration technique. - Technique for pleural fluid levels and adhesions.</p> <p><b>Abdominal viscera-</b></p> <p>Technique for plain film examination. - Projection for acute abdomen patients. - Technique to demonstrate: Foreign bodies, Imperforate anus.</p>	6	10
III	<p><b>Radiography using mobile X-ray equipment- Radiography in the ward:</b></p> <p>Radiography in the specialized unit, such as: Intensive care unit, Coronary care, Neonatal unit Radiography in the operating theatre.</p> <p><b>Mammography:</b> Basic views, special views, wire localization.</p> <p><b>Localization of foreign bodies.</b> Various techniques</p>	5	10
IV	<p><b>Ward /mobile radiography –</b></p> <p>electrical supply, radiation protection, equipment and instructions to be followed for portable/ward radiography.</p> <p><b>Operation theatre techniques:</b></p> <p>General precautions, Asepsis in techniques - Checking of mains supply and functions of equipment, selection of exposure factors, explosion risk, radiation protection and rapid processing techniques.</p> <p><b>Trauma radiography/Emergency radiography</b></p>	5	10
V	<p><b>Neonatal and Pediatric Radiography,</b></p> <p><b>Forensic Radiography Microradiography:</b></p> <p>General principles, Requirement, Equipment, Technique.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">     </div>	5	10

<b>VI</b>	<p><b>Soft Tissue Radiography:</b> High and low kilo voltage technique; differential filtration. Non - screen technique - simultaneous screen and non -screen technique.</p> <p><b>Multiple radiography.</b> Uses of soft tissue radiography.</p> <p><b>High kV Radiography:</b> General principles Relation to patient dose Change in radiographic contrast.</p> <p><b>Scatter elimination; beam collimation; grid ratio.</b></p> <p><b>Speed and type of grid movement.</b></p> <p><b>Radiographic factor; application and uses.</b></p>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>VII</b>	<p><b>Localization of foreign bodies:</b> General location principles. Ingested; inhaled; inserted; embedded foreign bodies. Foreign bodies in eye. Preparation of the area to be investigated. Appropriate projection for all Techniques to locate non-opaque foreign body.</p>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>70</b>

#### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	Dental Radiography; Upper respiratory system	20
2.	Lungs and Mediastinum; Abdominal viscera	20
3.	Radiography in the ward; Mammography	20
4.	Operation theatre techniques; C-arm	20
5.	Neonatal and Pediatric Radiography; Forensic Radiography Microradiography	10
6.	Soft Tissue Radiography Multiple Radiography High kV Radiography Scatter elimination; beam collimation; grid ratio Speed and type of grid movement Radiographic factor; application and uses	10
7.	Localization of foreign bodies	8
<b>Total</b>		<b>108</b>

Md. Iqbal Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Ganiya Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral

**Evaluation System**  
**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)**

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

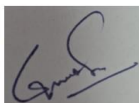
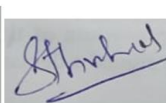
**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

**Written Paper**

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Long Essay	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay	8 (to answer 6)	5	30
Short Answer	12 (to answer 10)	3	30
			80
Duration (minutes)			150

Md Inuliyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gomina Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.



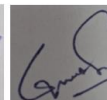
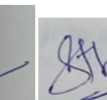
Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		<b>Grand total</b>
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

**Question Paper Blueprint**

Unit		Marks ( $\pm$ 5%)
1.	Dental Radiography; Upper respiratory system	14
2.	Lungs and Mediastinum; Abdominal viscera	14
3.	Radiography in the ward; Mammography	14
4.	Operation theatre techniques; C-arm	14
5.	Neonatal and Pediatric Radiography; Forensic Radiography; Microradiography	14
6.	Soft Tissue Radiography Multiple Radiography High kV Radiography Scatter elimination; beam collimation; grid ratio Speed and type of grid movement Radiographic factor; application and uses	14
7.	Localization of foreign bodies	12
	<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>	<b>96</b>

Md Inuliyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gomima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

			
---	---	---	--

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Radiological positioning	Merils	Mosby
2	A guide to radiological positioning	Clarks	CBS publishers and distributors pvt. Ltd
3	Radiology Of Positioning And Applied Anatomy for Students and Practitioners	Garages	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
4	Bontrager's Textbook of Radiographic Positioning and Related Anatomy	John Lampignano), Leslie E. Kendrick	Mosby
5	A Concise Guide on Basic Radiographic Physics Darkroom Procedures, Radiographic Positioning & Techniques	Lalit Agarwal	JBD Publications

Md Iqtiyaz Ansaari    Kalpana Bankoti    Dr. Goniama Srivastav    Dr. Himanshu Thakral

*Md Iqtiyaz Ansaari*

*Kalpana Bankoti*

*Dr. Goniama Srivastav*

*Dr. Himanshu Thakral*

**Subject: Radiography and Image Processing Techniques****Subject Code: BMRIT -017****RATIONALE**

Radiography and Image processing techniques provides construction and working of film, intensifying screen, cassette, dark room and automatic processor.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Know basic physics of radiography processing system

**CO2:** Describe construction and working of film, intensifying screen, cassette, dark room and automatic processor

**CO3:** Explain radiographic film Processing chemistry

**CO4:** Discuss the factors affecting image quality in radiographic image and their application

**CO5:** Operate the workflow in x-ray imaging

**CO6:** Apply knowledge for the use of radiation factors

**CO7:** Demonstrate process the radiographic film in different systems



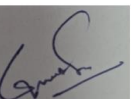
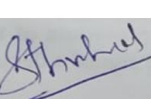
**CO8:** Prepare care and maintenance of radiographic films, cassettes, intensifying screens, darkroom accessories and X-ray equipment

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
2	--	2	3	30	70	--	--	100

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

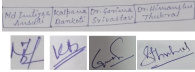
**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

Md Izzatqaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
			

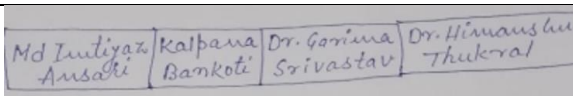
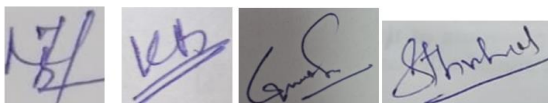
## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<p><b>Photographic Principles:</b></p> <p>Radiographic film- construction and types; Photographic effect and latent image formation; Film density and log relative exposure; Characteristic curve – its formation and features; Spectral response; Film faults and Artifacts</p> <p>Intensifying Screen: Luminescence-fluorescence and phosphorescence; Construction and types of Intensifying Screens; Intensification Factor, quantum detection and conversion efficiency; Film screen matching; Resolving power of Intensifying Screens; Speed of intensifying screen; Screen film contact tests; Advantages and limitations of Intensifying Screens</p> <p>X-ray Cassette: Construction of X-ray cassettes; Types of cassettes; Mounting Intensifying Screens on cassettes; Care and maintenance of cassettes</p>	9	20
II	<p><b>Dark Room – Planning &amp; Construction:</b></p> <p>Planning for a small &amp; large Hospital; Location of Dark Room; Construction of Dark Room; Ventilation; Wall Protection; Entrance to Dark Room - Single Door, Double Door, Labyrinth</p> <p>Dark Room Accessories: Dry bench; Hopper, Drawer, Cupboard; Loading and unloading cassettes; Hangers, types of hangers and storage of hangers; Wet bench; Cleanliness, control of dust, dark room sinks; Hatches; Drier; Safe Lights- types and uses, factors affecting safelight performance, safelight Tests; Viewing room, Film dispensing</p>	7	15
III	<p><b>Film Processing: Photochemistry;</b></p> <p>Developer; Rinsing; Fixer; Washing and drying;</p> <p>Preparation of processing solutions; Manual processing apparatus; Effect of temperature in processing; Rapid processing</p> <p>Automatic processor: Principle of working and features, thermal regulation and replenishment system; Care and maintenance of automatic processor; Advantages and limitations of automatic processor</p> 	7	15

<b>IV</b>	Day Light Film handling; Xeroradiography, Stereoscopy	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>The Radiographic Image:</b> The emergent beam related to densities on film contrast – objective and subjective Radiation contrast, film contrast and Radiographic contrast- Density, Sharpness, Unsharpness Resolution: Factors affecting resolution, choice of Kilovolt age and Mill amperage, Choice of Short Focus and Broad Focus, selection of Focus to Film Distance and Object to Film Distance selection of cassettes, avoiding scatter radiation, magnification, distortion, penumbra Reproduction of Radiographs: Copying Radiographs, Magnification and Minification Radiography Imaging Communication: Hospital Information System, Radiology Information System, PACS, DICOM</p>	<b>8</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>70</b>

#### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

<b>Sr. No</b>		<b>Hours</b>
1.	Radiographic film; Intensifying Screens; X-ray Cassette	20
2.	Dark Room – Planning & Construction	6
3.	Film Processing; Photochemistry;	5
4.	The emergent beam related to densities on film contrast – objective and subjective Radiation contrast, film contrast and Radiographic contrast- Density, Sharpness, Unsharpness; Factors affecting resolution; Reproduction of Radiographs	5
	Total	36
 		

## Evaluation System

### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

#### Written Paper

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Long Essay	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay	8 (to answer 6)	5	30
Short Answer	12 (to answer 10)	3	30
			80
Duration (minutes)			150

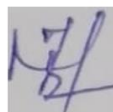

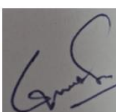
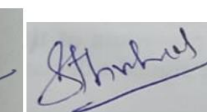
#### Question Paper Blueprint

Unit	Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
1. Radiographic film; Intensifying Screens; X-ray Cassette	25
2. Dark Room – Planning & Construction	20
3. Film Processing; Photochemistry;	20
4. Day Light Film handling; Xeroradiography, Stereoscopy	10
5. The emergent beam related to densities on film contrast – objective and subjective Radiation contrast, film contrast and Radiographic contrast- Density, Sharpness, Unsharpness; Factors affecting resolution; Reproduction of Radiographs	21
<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>	<b>96</b>

**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

<b>S.No.</b>	<b>Title of Book</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Publication</b>
1	Radiographic Imaging (CBS)I.C.R.P.	D.N. Chesney & M.O Chesney	Blackwell Scientific
2	An Introduction of Physics to Diagnostic Radiography	Christensen, Curry & Dowdey	Lea & Febiger
3	Radiological Science for technologists	Stewart C. Bushong	Mosby
4	A Concise Guide on Basic Radiographic Physics Darkroom Procedures, Radiographic Positioning & Techniques	Lalit Agarwal	JBD Publications

Md Inuliyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Garima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
--------------------	----------------	----------------------	----------------------

			
---	---	---	--

## Subject: Contrast and Special Radiological Procedures

Subject Code: BMRIT - 018

### RATIONALE

Contrast & Special Radiological Procedures are diagnostic procedures usually performed by giving contrast through oral or intravenous to diagnose the disease. These imaging procedures are done under the guided of fluoroscopy or c-ram equipment.

### COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Prepare management and positioning of patients while performing radiological procedures.

**CO2:** Correlate of indications, contraindications, contrast media, radiation dose, exposure timing and radiation safety measures for different radiological procedures.

**CO3:** Understand the patient preparations needed before any radiological examination.

**CO4:** Generalize knowledge of post procedural care.

**CO5:** Students will be able position the patients for radiological procedures.

**CO6:** Knowledge of image quality in radiological images.

**CO7:** Management of patients in radiology department for various procedures.

**CO8:** Ability to handle emergency situations in radiology department.

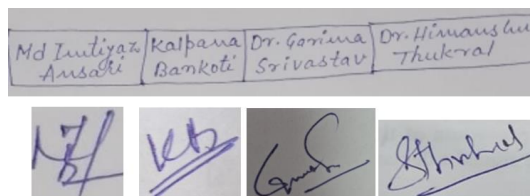
**CO9:** Precautions and care required in interventional suits.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
				CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
2	1	6	6	30	70	30	70	200

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

### TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.



## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	Introduction: General approach to Special Radiographic procedures, Responsibility of Radiology Technologist during radiological procedures, Preparation of patient for different procedures, Room layout in interventional radiology and fluoroscopy.  Contrast Media: Positive and Negative, Ionic & Non-Ionic, Adverse Reactions to contrast media and patient management.  Emergency Equipment in the Radiology Department	8	10
II	Gastro Intestinal Tract: Barium Swallow; Barium Meal - Single and Double Contrast; Barium Meal Follow Through; Small Bowel Enema (Enteroclysis); Barium Enema - Gastrograffin Enema; Loopogram  Biliary Tract: Oral & Intravenous Cholecystography; Percutaneous Transhepatic Cholangiography; Percutaneous Transhepatic Biliary Drainage; Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangiopancreatography	10	20
III	Urinary System: IVU (Intravenous Urography), Retrograde Pyeloureterography (RGU), Micturating Cysto-urethrography, Ascending Urethrography  Reproductive System: Hysterosalpingogram, FTR (Fallopian Tube Recanalization)	8	20
IV	Central Nervous System: Cervical Myelography - Cisternal Puncture and Lateral Cervical Puncture, Lumbar Myelography, Myelography with water soluble and oily contrast media  Respiratory System: Bronchography, Percutaneous Lung Biopsy  Other procedures in radiology: Arthrography, Sialography, Lymphography, Sinography & Fistulography, Dacryocystography, Embolization & embolic agents	10	20
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>70</b>
 			



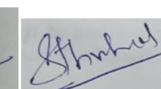
**SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION**

Sr. No		Hours
1.	General approach to special radiographic procedures, responsibility of radiology technologist during radiological procedures Contrast media and their adverse reactions to contrast media and patient management	25
2.	Procedures for gastrointestinal tract including barium studies Procedures for biliary tract	29
3.	Procedures for urinary system and reproductive system	29
4.	Procedures for central nervous system and respiratory system	25
	Total	108

**Evaluation System****Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)**

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

Md Inuliyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Gomina Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)  
Written Paper**

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Long Essay	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay	8 (to answer 6)	5	30
Short Answer	12 (to answer 10)	3	30
			80
Duration (minutes)			150

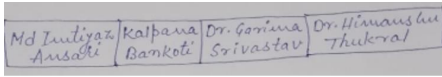
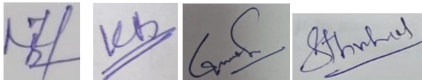
**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		Grand total
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

**Question Paper**

Unit		Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
1.	General approach to special radiographic procedures, responsibility of radiology technologist during radiological procedures Contrast media and their adverse reactions to contrast media and patient management	15
2.	Procedures for gastrointestinal tract including barium studies Procedures for biliary tract	27
3.	Procedures for urinary system and reproductive system	27
4.	Procedures for central nervous system and respiratory system	27
<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>		<b>96</b>
 		

## SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Radiographic Imaging (CBS)I.C.R.P.	Bhushan and Lakhra	Arya Publications
2	A guide to radiological procedures	Chapman	Elsevier

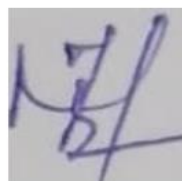
### BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – Part III (studentship)

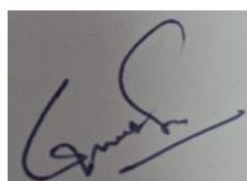
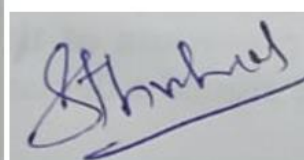
Students will gain additional skills in clinical procedures, interaction with patients and professional personnel. Students apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the supervision of a senior technologist. Students are tested on intermediate clinical radio diagnosis skills.

#### Studentship or observership must include:

- A minimum of 14 hours per week is considered as studentship in every semester.
- Provide simulation and skill labs for practicing skills specific to the program in the initial years of observership/studentship.
- Every semester must have seminars/workshops on new developments/ technologies. Check annexure for marking criteria.
- If the clinical facility is not within the same campus, transportation should be provided to the students and interns.
- All practical skills must be supervised and recorded in a Logbook and skills to be evaluated after the completion of the internship.

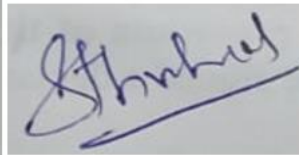
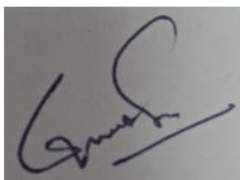
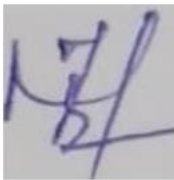
Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Garima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



## Fourth Semester

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gorima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



**Subject: Cross Sectional Anatomy****Subject Code: BMRIT - 019****RATIONALE**

Cross sectional anatomy provides the students with Skills that are important to help the technologist in MRI and CT to identify the anatomy being imaged and to communicate effectively with the radiologist and physicians.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

**At the end of the course students will be able to...**

**CO1:** Identify cross-sectional anatomy in the sagittal, coronal and axial planes on CT and MR images.

**CO2:** Describe anatomical structural relationships.

**CO3:** Recognize normal anatomy and build a personal resource system for future study.

**CO4:** Locate and identify pertinent cerebral, upper thorax, mid-thorax, and abdominal anatomy.

**CO5:** On CT and MR images, identify anatomical structures of the body and of the head.

**CO6:** Distinguish between arterial and venous anatomy of the entire body's vascular system.

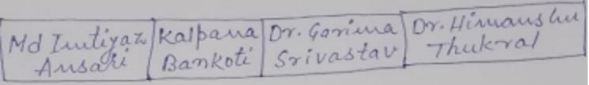
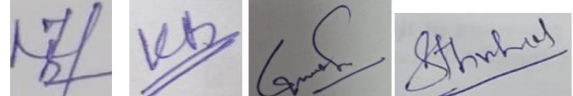
**CO7:** Classify the various sections of anatomical regions and their associated parts.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
				CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	100
2	--	6	5	--	--	30	70	

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

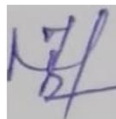
**THEORY COMPONENTS**

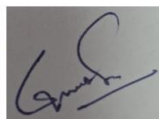
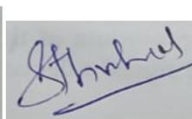
The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<p><b>Introduction to Sectional Anatomy &amp; Terminology-</b> Sectional planes, Anatomical relationships/terminology</p> <p>Anatomy of the upper thorax-Surface anatomy relationships, Bony structures and muscles, Blood vessels.</p>  	12	--

	Divisions of the mid-thorax, heart and great vessels-Lungs, heart and great vessels, Esophagus		
<b>II</b>	<b>CT/MRI Images of the Thorax</b> - Normal and abnormal imaging <b>Anatomy of the Abdomen-</b> Major organs and their accessories, Abdominal blood vessels <b>CT/MR Images of Abdomen –</b> Normal and pathologic anatomy of the Pelvis- Bony structures and associated muscles, Digestive and urinary systems <b>Reproductive Organs</b> - Normal and abnormal imaging	<b>12</b>	--
<b>III</b>	<b>CT/MR Images of the Male/Female Pelvis- Normal and pathologic</b> <b>Neuro Anatomy</b> -Scan planes <b>Brain</b> –Cerebral hemispheres, Sinuses, Ventricles, Brainstem and associated parts, Arterial/venous systems, Basal ganglia, Cranial nerves <b>Spine</b> - Vertebra and disc, Spinal cord and meninges <b>Neck</b> -Arterial/venous systems, Muscles, Glands and pharynx	<b>12</b>	--
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	--

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gorima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

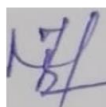


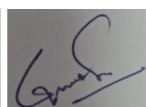
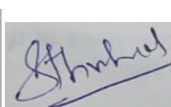



## SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	<p><b>Introduction to Sectional Anatomy &amp; Terminology-</b> Sectional planes, Anatomical relationships/terminology</p> <p>Anatomy of the upper thorax-Surface anatomy relationships, Bony structures and muscles, Blood vessels.</p> <p>Divisions of the mid-thorax, heart and great vessels-Lungs, heart and great vessels, Esophagus</p>	36
2.	<p><b>CT/MRI Images of the Thorax -</b> Normal and abnormal imaging</p> <p><b>Anatomy of the Abdomen-</b> Major organs and their accessories, Abdominal blood vessels</p> <p><b>CT/MR Images of Abdomen –</b> Normal and pathologic anatomy of the Pelvis- Bony structures and associated muscles, Digestive and urinary systems</p> <p><b>Reproductive Organs -</b> Normal and abnormal imaging</p>	36
3.	<p><b>CT/MR Images of the Male/Female Pelvis- Normal and pathologic</b></p> <p><b>Neuro Anatomy-</b>Scan planes</p> <p><b>Brain –</b>Cerebral hemispheres, Sinuses, Ventricles, Brainstem and associated parts, Arterial/venous systems, Basal ganglia, Cranial nerves</p> <p><b>Spine-</b> Vertebra and disc, Spinal cord and meninges</p> <p><b>Neck-</b>Arterial/venous systems, Muscles, Glands and pharynx</p>	36
	Total	108

Md Iqtiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
-------------------	----------------	-----------------------	----------------------



## Evaluation System

### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two practical tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

Md. Imtiaz Ansari, Kalpana Bankoti, Dr. Goniama Srivastava, Dr. Himanshu Thakral

### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

No theory paper for this subject.

### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		Grand total
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Cross Sectional Anatomy CT & MR	G Bhavin Jhankaria	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers;
2	Step by step Cross-sectional Anatomy	D Karthikeyan	Jaypee brother medical publishers
3	Atlas of Cross-Sectional Anatomy and Radiological Imaging	Dr David J. Jackowe	Anshan Ltd
4	Fundamentals of Sectional Anatomy: An Imaging Approach	Denise L. Lazo	Cengage Learning

## Subject: Modern Radiological Imaging Equipment and Physics

Subject Code: BMRIT – 020

### RATIONALE

Modern radiological Imaging Equipment and Physics provides the students' knowledge about the modern x-ray equipment and working principle. Modern imaging techniques – including X-rays, ultrasound, CT scans and MRI – can show structures inside your body in great detail. Radiologic Physics is the study of medical imaging components, technology, and parameters in an effort to produce optimal imaging results. The goal with studying radiologic physics is to ensure you get clear images while ensuring the patient is safe from radiation.

### COURSE OUTCOMES

*At the end of the course students will be able to...*

**CO001:** Describe the special radiological equipments

**CO002:** Describe the digital and computed radiography

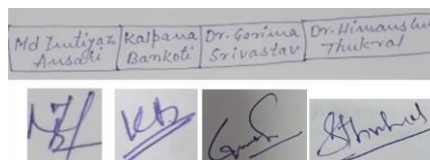
**CO003:** Describe PACS, RIS and HIS

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				Total Marks
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		
				CIE	ESE	ESE	CIE	
2	1	2	3	30	70	--	--	100

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

### TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

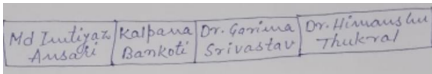
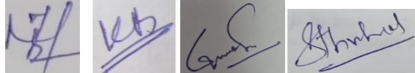


## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	Modern x-ray tube. Digital Mammography and Tomosynthesis, Stich radiography, Dual energy x-ray absorptiometry (DEXA) scan.	9	20
II	Computed radiography: its principle, physics & equipment. Digital Radiography: its principle, physics & equipment. Flat panel digital fluoroscopy and radiography system, Direct and indirect digital radiography and fluoroscopy systems. Digital radiography and Computed radiography its advantages, disadvantages and applications. Digital Portable and mobile x-ray units.	9	20
III	Modern dental equipments. Cone beam dental CT.	9	20
IV	Picture archiving and communication system (PACS), RIS and HIS.	9	10
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>70</b>

## SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	Modern x-ray tube. Digital Mammography and Tomosynthesis, Stich radiography, Dual energy x-ray absorptiometry (DEXA) scan.	9
2.	Computed radiography: its principle, physics & equipment. Digital Radiography: its principle, physics & equipment. Flat panel digital fluoroscopy and radiography system, Direct and indirect digital radiography and fluoroscopy systems. Digital radiography and Computed radiography its advantages, disadvantages and applications. Digital Portable and mobile x-ray units.	9
3.	Modern dental equipments. Cone beam dental CT.	9
4.	Picture archiving and communication system (PACS), RIS and HIS.	9
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>
 		

## Evaluation System

### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

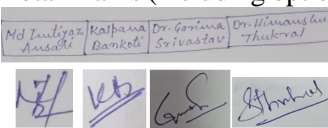
Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

#### Written Paper

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

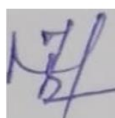
### Question Paper Blueprint

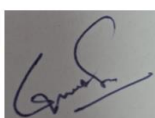
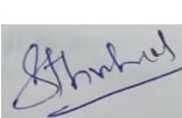
Unit		Marks (±5%)
1.	Modern x-ray tube. Digital Mammography and Tomosynthesis, Stochastic radiography, Dual energy x-ray absorptiometry (DEXA) scan.	25
2.	Computed radiography: its principle, physics & equipment. Digital Radiography: its principle, physics & equipment. Flat panel digital fluoroscopy and radiography system, Direct and indirect digital radiography and fluoroscopy systems. Digital radiography and Computed radiography its advantages, disadvantages and applications. Digital Portable and mobile x-ray units.	25
3.	Modern dental equipments. Cone beam dental CT.	25
4.	Picture archiving and communication system (PACS), RIS and HIS.	21
	<b>Total Marks (including optional questions)</b>	<b>96</b>
		

**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

<b>S.No.</b>	<b>Title of Book</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Publication</b>
1	Textbook of Radiology: Physics	Amol Sasane, Haribala Singh, Roshan Lodha	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
2	The Physics of Radiology and Imaging	THAYALAN K	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
3	Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology	Thomas S. Curry, James E. Dowdey, Robert E. Murry	Lea & Febiger, U. S
4	Textbook Of Radiology for Residents and Technicians	BHARGAVA S. K (Author	CBS; publishers
5	Concise Text Book on Imaging Modalities & Recent Advances in Diagnostic Radiology	Lalit Agarwal, Dr. K.B. Gehlot	JBD Publications

Md Iqbal Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gorima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
--------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



**Subject: Interventional Radiology Techniques****Subject Code: BMRIT -021****RATIONALE**

Interventional radiology (IR) helps student MRIT to gain about the basics diagnostics and interventional procedures and to learn procedures in modalities like digital radiography CT and MRI and nuclear medicine and to increase the level of understandings and knowledge required to meet current radiologic procedures and to understand the physical principles of radiography and basic radiography positioning to perform the procedures. it a medical specialty that performs various minimally-invasive procedures using medical imaging guidance, such as x-ray fluoroscopy, computed tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or ultrasound. IR performs both diagnostic and therapeutic procedures through very small incisions or body orifices

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO1:** Know the basic principle and physics of interventional equipment.

**CO2:** Know the management and positioning of patients while performing interventional radiological procedure.

**CO3:** Have knowledge about the indications, contraindications, contrast media, radiation dose, exposure timing and radiation safety measures for the different interventional radiological procedure.

**CO4:** Understand the patient preparation needed before any interventional radiological procedures.

**CO5:** Have knowledge about the post procedural care and safety.

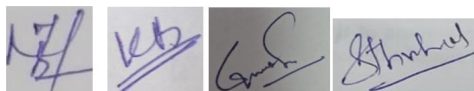
Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				Total Marks
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		
				CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
2	1	4	4	30	70	30	70	200

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

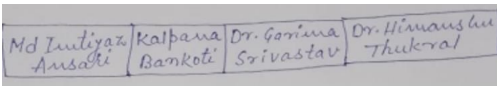
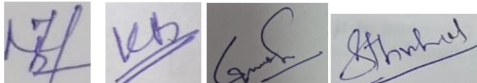
Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

Md Iqtiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bamkoti	Dr. Ganima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	Introduction to interventional procedures <b>DSA:</b> basic principles and types <b>Equipment:</b> Basics of angiographic equipment, single and biplane angiographic equipments, angiographic table, image intensifier, flat panel detectors, recording systems, pulse oximetry, cardiac resuscitation measure-ECG, pressure injector, catheters, needle and other tools, 3D rotational angiography, image processing, patient monitor, CO2 angiography	6	15
II	Interventional procedures: Catheter- classification, types and applications, Guide wire- classification, types and applications, Pressure Injector and Accessories, Percutaneous catheterization, Digital Subtraction Angiography, Catheterization Sites, Asepsis	9	20
III	Arteriography: Head and Neck Arteriography, Pulmonary Arteriography, Coronary Arteriography, Ascending Aortography, Trans Lumbar Aortography, Renal Arteriography, Trans Femoral Arteriography  Venography: Peripheral Venography- Lower Limb, Upper Limb, Central Venography, Superior Venacavography, Inferior Venacavography, Pelvic Venography	9	20
IV	<b>Safety considerations in angiography room;</b> room design, protective devices, radiation monitoring	6	10
V	<b>Care and maintenance tests:</b> General care, functional test <b>Quality assurance program:</b> Acceptable limits of variation, corrective action	6	05
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>70</b>
 			

**SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION**

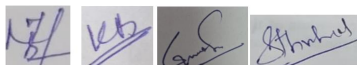
Sr. No		Hours
1.	Basics of angiographic equipments	18
2.	Catheter and guide wires	18
3.	Arteriography and venography procedures	18
4.	Safety considerations in angiography room	18
	Total	72

**Evaluation System****Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)**

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)****Written Paper**

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

Md. Imtiaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Gouri Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral  


**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		<b>Grand total</b>
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

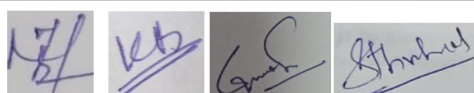
**Question Paper Blueprint**

Unit		Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
1.	Basics of angiographic equipments	13
2.	Catheter and guide wires	20
3.	Arteriography and venography procedures	20
4.	Safety considerations in angiography room	10
5.	Care and maintenance tests and quality assurance program	20
	Total Marks (including optional questions)	96

**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	The practice of interventional radiology	Karim valji	
2	Interventional radiology: a survival guide	EBIR Kessel, David, Robertson, Iain	Elsevier Health Sciences
3	Handbook of Interventional Radiologic Procedures	Krishna Kandarpa, Lindsay machan, Janette Durham	Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
4	Interventional Radiology: A Survival Guide	David Kessel, Iain Robertson	Sevier Health Sciences
5	A Guide on Special Radiographic Investigations & Techniques	Lalit Agarwal	JBD Publications

Md Zuliyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Gomima Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral



**Subject: Patient Care in radiology****Subject Code: BMRIT - 022****RATIONALE**

Patient management is based on team work, it is essential that the student should appreciate the technologist's role and that the importance of co-operation with wards and other departments. The students should be attached to wards or the accident and emergency department for a definite training period.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, students will be able to...

**CO1:** Understand the responsibility of the imaging technologist and other health care facility.

**CO2:** Understand the management and care of patient during different procedures and emergency situations.

**CO3:** Know about different patient transfer techniques and to restrain the uncooperative patients during radiological examination

**CO4:** Differentiate the types of consent forms

**CO5:** Know about infection control, infection source and isolation techniques

**CO6:** Describe sterilization techniques

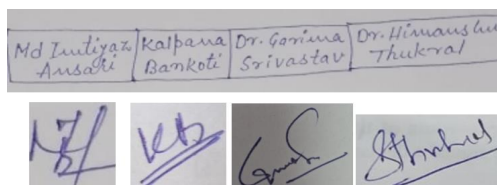
**CO7:** Understand the radiation safety and protection

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	200
1	1	4	4	30	70	30	70	

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.



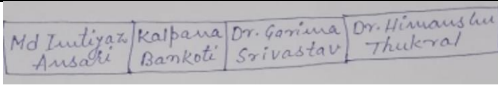
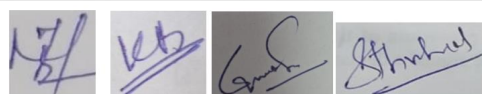
**THEORY COMPONENTS**

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<p><b>Introduction to Patient Care:</b> Responsibilities of Medical Imaging Technologist, Obtaining Consents and history for different radiological examinations, Patient transfer and Restraining techniques, Obtaining vital signs, Ergonomics and body mechanism</p> <p><b>Communication:</b> Patient education, Communication with the patient, Professional role and behavior</p>	2	10
II	<p><b>Hospital procedure:</b> Hospital staffing and organization; records relating to patients and departmental statistics; professional attitude of the technologist to patients and other members of the staff; medico- legal aspects; accidents in the departments, appointments, organization; minimizing waiting time; out-patient and follow-up clinics; stock-taking and stock keeping.</p>	2	10
III	<p><b>Care of the patient:</b> FIRST contact with patients in the department; management of chair and stretcher patients and aids for this, management of the unconscious patient; elementary hygiene; personal cleanliness; hygiene in relation to patients.</p>	3	10
IV	<p><b>Nursing procedures in Radiology:</b> Injection- methods and their routes of administration, Clothing of patient, Administering rectal enema.</p> <p><b>First aid:</b> Aims and objectives of first aid; wounds and bleeding, dressing and bandages; pressure and splints, supports etc. Shock; insensibility; asphyxia; convulsions; resuscitation, use of suction apparatus, drug reactions; prophylactic measures; administration of oxygen; electric shock; burns; scalds; hemorrhage; pressure points; compression band. Fractures; splints, bandaging; dressing, foreign bodies; poisons.</p>	3	10
V	<p><b>Infection:</b> Bacteria, their nature and appearance; spread of infections; auto-infection or cross-infection; the inflammatory process; local tissue reaction, general body reaction; ulceration; asepsis and antisepsis. Universal precautions, hospital acquired infections- HIV, Hepatitis B, C, and MRSA etc.</p> <p><b>Principles of asepsis:</b> Sterilization - methods of sterilization; use of central sterile supply department; care of identification of instruments, surgical dressings in common use, including filamented swabs, elementary operating theatre procedure; setting of trays and trolleys in the radio imaging department (for study by radio imaging students only)</p>	3	10

<b>VI</b>	<p><b>Patient care in following investigations:</b> GIT, Respiratory system, Cardiovascular system, CNS; Sterilization; Infection control</p> <p><b>Departmental procedures:</b> Department staffing and organizations; records relating to patients and departmental statistics; professional attitudes of the technologist to patients and other members of the staff, medico-legal aspects accidents in the department; appointments; organisations; minimizing waiting time; out-patient and follow-up clinics; stock taking and stock keeping.</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>VII</b>	<p><b>Drugs in the department and Storage:</b> classification; labelling and checking, regulations regarding dangerous and other drugs; units of measurement, special drugs, anti-depressive, anti-hypertensive etc. crash cart.</p> <p><b>Medical ethics and records:</b> Medico legal implication of MLC cases, Importance of consent, Consent in detail, Precaution while dealing with female patient, medical records</p>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>70</b>

#### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

<b>Sr. No</b>		<b>Hours</b>
1.	Introduction to Patient Care and Communication	10
2.	Hospital staffing and organization; records relating to patients and departmental statistics; professional attitude of the technologist to patients and other members of the staff; medico- legal aspects; accidents in the departments, appointments, organization; minimizing waiting time; out-patient and follow-up clinics; stock-taking and stock keeping.	11
3.	Care of the patient	10
4.	Nursing procedures in Radiology and first aid	11
5.	Infection and Principles of asepsis	10
6.	Patient care in following investigations: GIT, Respiratory system, Cardiovascular system, CNS; Sterilization; Infection control.	10
7.	Drugs in the department and Storage and medical ethics and records	10
	<b>Total</b>	<b>72</b>
 		

**Evaluation System**  
**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)**

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Same pattern as Summative test</li> <li>• Average of two to be considered</li> <li>• Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0</li> </ul>	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

**Written Paper**

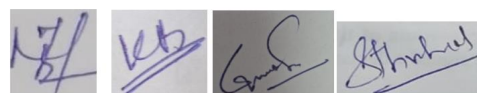
Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

Md Zuliyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Gornima Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral



ESE		CIE		Grand total
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

### Question Paper Blueprint

Unit		Marks ( $\pm$ 5%)
1.	Introduction to Patient Care and Communication	10
2.	Hospital staffing and organization; records relating to patients and departmental statistics; professional attitude of the technologist to patients and other members of the staff; medico- legal aspects; accidents in the departments, appointments, organization; minimizing waiting time; out-patient and follow-up clinics; stock-taking and stock keeping.	14
3.	Care of the patient	10
4.	Nursing procedures in Radiology and first aid	14
5.	Infection and Principles of asepsis	14
6.	Patient care in following investigations: GIT, Respiratory system, Cardiovascular system, CNS; Sterilization; Infection control.	20
7.	Drugs in the department and Storage and medical ethics and records	14
	Total Marks (including optional questions)	96

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Patient care in radiography	Ruth Ann Ehrlich, Dawn M Coakes	Mosby
2	Concise Textbook on Hospital Management & Patient Care in Diagnostic Radiology	N.K. Kardam, <u>Lalit Agarwal</u>	JBD Publications
3	Patient care in radiography: with an introduction to medical imaging	<u>Ruth Ann Ehrlich</u> and Joan A. Daly	St. Louis, Mo.: Mosby Elsevier
4	Introduction To Radiologic and Imaging Sciences and Patient Care	<u>Adler A M</u>	<u>Elsevier</u>
5	Concise Text Book on Hospital Management & Patient Care in Diagnostic Radiology	Lalit Agarwal, Dr. N.K. Kardam	JBD Publications

Md Imdiyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Gomima Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral

*[Signature]*

*[Signature]*

*[Signature]*

*[Signature]*

### **BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part IV (studentship)**

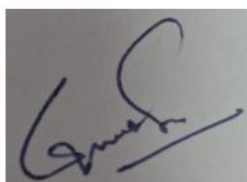
Students will gain additional skills in clinical procedures, interaction with patients and professional personnel. Students apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the supervision of a senior technologist. Students are tested on intermediate clinical radio diagnosis skills.

#### **Studentship or observership must include:**

- A minimum of 14 hours per week is considered as studentship in every semester.
- Provide simulation and skill labs for practising skills specific to the program in the initial years of observership/studentship.
- Every semester must have seminars/workshops on new developments/ technologies. Check annexure for marking criteria.
- If the clinical facility is not within the same campus, transportation should be provided to the students and interns.
- All practical skills must be supervised and recorded in a Logbook and skills to be evaluated after the completion of the internship.

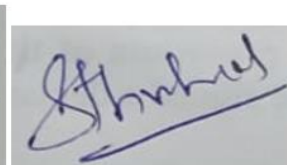
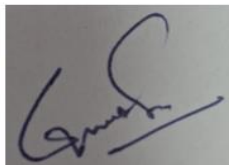
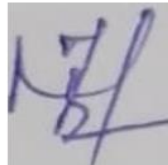
Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Garima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------






# Fifth Semester

Md Iustiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gonima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------



**Subject: Basics Techniques in CT Technology****Subject Code: BMRIT - 023****RATIONALE**

Basics techniques in CT Technology provide the students with knowledge of the basic physics of CT. It creates relationship between scan and patient with various CT protocols for better representation of images.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

**At the end of the course students will be able to...**

**CO1:** Define basic principle and physics of Computed Tomography scan

**CO2:** Recognize protocols needed for Computed Tomography examination

**CO3:** Prepare and positioning for Computed Tomography examination

**CO4:** Interpret post processing of raw Computed Tomography images

**CO5:** Prepare and position the patients for Computed Tomography examination

**CO6:** Categorize knowledge of improving image quality in Computed Tomography images

**CO7:** Plan of scanning with various Computed Tomography protocols for better representation of images

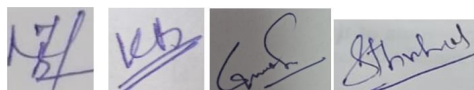
**CO8:** Systematize post processing for Computed Tomography scan

**CO9:** Management of patient for any post contrast reactions

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
				CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
4	1	8	9	30	70	30	70	200

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

Md Imdiyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Gornima Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral



## TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS

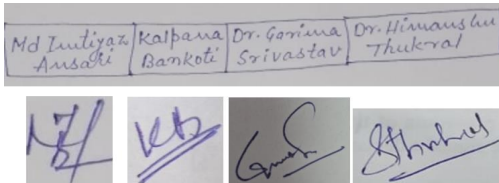
Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<b>Introduction and history,</b> CT principle, CT generations, CT Instrumentation, CT detectors, Axial & Helical CT – Slip ring technology	15	20
II	<b>Data acquisition, Image pre-processing/reconstruction techniques,</b> Algorithms for image reconstruction, Image display, Image post-processing techniques, CT artifacts, Image quality	14	10
III	<b>CT Protocols for different body parts &amp; Dental scan,</b> CT Protocols for Angiography & Perfusion, CT contrast media and administration, CT guided interventional procedures	14	15
IV	<b>Multi-detector CT</b> Isotropic imaging, Cardiac CT, Flash CT, Advanced CT scanners, Dual energy & Dual Source Scanners, CT-fluoroscopy	15	15
V	<b>Safety consideration,</b> Documentation in CT, Role of Medical Imaging technologist in CT scan procedures, Quality assurance in CT	14	10
<b>Total</b>		<b>72</b>	<b>70</b>

## SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	Introduction and history, CT principle, CT generations, CT Instrumentation, CT detectors, Axial & Helical CT – Slip ring technology	30
2.	Image post-processing techniques, CT artifacts  	20

Sr. No		Hours
3.	CT Protocols for different body parts & Dental scan, CT Protocols for Angiography & Perfusion, CT contrast media and administration, CT guided interventional procedures	54
4.	Multi-detector CT	20
5.	Safety consideration, Documentation in CT, Role of Medical Imaging technologist in CT scan procedures, Quality assurance in CT	20
	<b>Total</b>	<b>144</b>

### Evaluation System

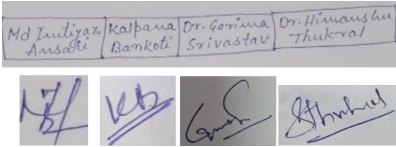
#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

#### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

##### Written Paper

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Long Essay	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay	8 (to answer 6)	5	30
Short Answer	12 (to answer 10)	3	30
			80
Duration (minutes)			150



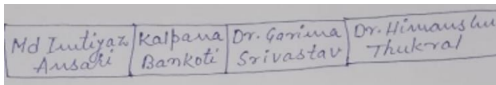
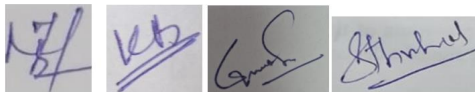
**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

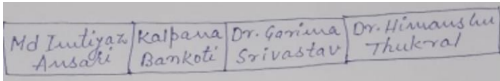
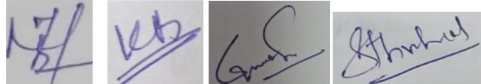
Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		<b>Grand total</b>
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

**Question Paper Blueprint**

Unit		Marks (± 5%)
1.	Introduction and history, CT principle, CT generations, CT Instrumentation, CT detectors, Axial & Helical CT – Slip ring technology	20
2.	Image post-processing techniques, CT artifacts	19
3.	CT Protocols for different body parts & Dental scan, CT Protocols for Angiography & Perfusion, CT contrast media and administration, CT guided interventional procedures	19
4.	Multi-detector CT	19
5.	Safety consideration, Documentation in CT, Role of Medical Imaging technologist in CT scan procedures, Quality assurance in CT	19
	Total Marks (including optional questions)	96
	 	

## SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Computed Tomography: Physical Principles, Clinical Applications, and Quality Control	Euclid Seeram RT(R) BSc MSc FCAMRT (Author)	Saunders
2	Computed Tomography for Technologists: A Comprehensive Text	<u>Lois Romans</u>	Lippincott Williams and Wilkins;
3	Computed Tomography: Physics and Technology. A Self-Assessment Guide	Euclid_Seeram	Wiley-Blackwell
4	The CT Handbook: Optimizing Protocols for Today's Feature-Rich Scanners	<u>Timothy P. Szczykutowicz</u>	Medical Physics Publishing Corporation
5	CT PROTOCOLS   	Manjot Kaur,  Maajid Mohi Ud Din Malik	JBD Publications

**Subject: Radiation Safety in Diagnostic Radiology****Subject Code: BMRIT - 024****RATIONALE**

Radiation protection aims to reduce unnecessary radiation exposure with a goal to minimize the harmful effects of ionizing radiation. In the medical field, ionizing radiation has become an inescapable tool used for the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of medical conditions .to study radiation physics relevant to radiation protection to gain information on radiation types and does receive to study the molecular and cellular effects of radiations and to know the radiation quantities units dose limits and regulatory bodies to know about equipment design for radiation protection and to implement patient and personnel radiation protection practices for radiological procedures

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, students will be able to learn:

CO1: Aim and need of radiation protection

CO2: Introduction to Radiation units and quantities

CO3: Understanding of various Radiation protection regulations and the dose limits

CO4: Radiation protection to patients, occupational workers and general public in Diagnostic Radiology

CO5: Layout of Radiology department

CO6: Use of protective devices and awareness of radiation with radiation signages

CO7: Dose reduction measures with technical protective considerations during radiology

CO8: Different radiation measuring devices

CO9: Effects of radiation on biological tissue




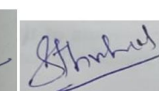
Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
				CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
2	1	4	5	30	70	30	70	200

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

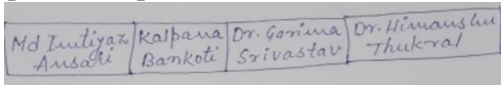
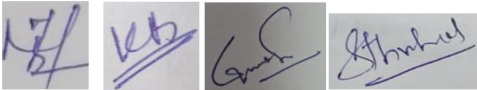
Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

Md Insiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------

			
---	---	---	--

## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	Radiation Quantities and Units: Radiation- Radioactivity- Sources of radiation - natural radioactive sources -cosmic rays' terrestrial radiation - - man made radiation sources. Units of radiation - Quality factor - Flux-Fluence-Kerma- Exposure- Absorbed dose- Equivalent Dose- Weighting Factors-Effective Dose - Occupational Exposure Limits - Dose limits to public.	7	15
II	Biological Effects of radiation: Ionization, excitation and free radical formation, hydrolysis of water, action of radiation on cell-Chromosomal aberration and its application for the biological dosimetry- Effects of whole body and acute irradiation, dose fractionation, effects of ionizing radiation on each of major organ system including fetus -Somatic effects and hereditary effects- stochastic and deterministic effects-Acute exposure and chronic exposure-LD50 - factors affecting radio sensitivity. Biological effects of non-ionizing radiation like ultrasound, lasers, IR, UV and magnetic fields.	8	15
III	Radiation detection and Measurements: Ionization of gases- Fluorescence and Phosphorescence -Effects on photographic emulsion. Ionization Chambers – proportional counters- G.M counters- scintillation detectors – liquid semiconductor detectors – Gamma ray spectrometer. Measuring systems – free air ionization chamber – thimble ion chamber – condenser chamber – Secondary standard dosimeters – film dosimeter – chemical dosimeter- Thermoluminescent Dosimeter. -Pocket Dosimeter-Radiation survey meter- wide range survey meter -zone monitor-contamination monitor -their principle function and uses. Advantages & disadvantages of various detectors &its appropriateness of different detectors for different type of radiation measurement. Dose and Dosimetry, CT Dose Index (CTDI, etc.), Multiple Scan Average Dose (MSAD), Dose Length Product (DLP), Dose Profile, Effective Dose, Phantom Measurement Methods, Dose for Different Application Protocols, Technique Optimization. Dose area product in fluoroscopy and angiography systems, AGD in mammography  Artificial Intelligence in Radiation Safety	7	15
IV	Radiation protection: Radiation protection of self and patient- Principles of radiation protection, time - distance and shielding, shielding - calculation and radiation survey –ALARA- personnel dosimeters (TLD and film batches) - occupational exposure.   	7	10

V	Radiation Hazard evaluation and control: Philosophy of Radiation protection, effects of time, Distance & Shielding. Calculation of Work load, weekly calculated dose to radiation worker & General public good work practice in Diagnostic Radiology. Planning consideration for radiology, including Use factor, occupancy factors, and different shielding material.	7	15
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>70</b>

### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION




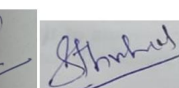
Sr. No		Hours
1.	Radiation Quantities and Units	15
2.	Biological Effects of radiation	15
3.	Radiation detection and Measurements Survey meter and personal dosimeter Artificial Intelligence in Radiation Safety	15
4.	Radiation protection; Principles of radiation protection; ALARA	15
5.	Radiation Hazard evaluation and control	12
		<b>72</b>

### Evaluation System

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

Md Inuliyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Goniama Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)****Written Paper**

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

**End Semester Evaluation (ESE)**

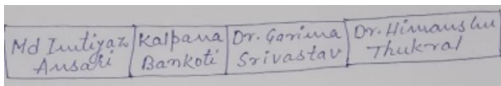
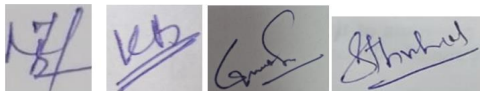
There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		Grand total
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

**Question Paper Blueprint**

Unit		Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
1.	Radiation Quantities and Units	18
2.	Biological Effects of radiation	20
3.	Radiation detection and Measurements Survey meter and personal dosimeter	20
4.	Radiation protection; Principles of radiation protection; ALARA	19
5.	Radiation Hazard evaluation and control	19
	Total Marks (including optional questions)	96

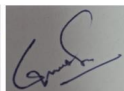
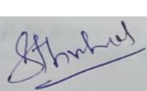

  


**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Title of Book</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Publication</b>
1	Radiation Protection in Diagnostic X-Ray Imaging	Euclid Seeram, Patrick C. Brennan	Jones and Bartlett Publishers
2	Development of Radiation Protection in Diagnostic Radiology	Stewart C. Bushong	CRC Press inc., U.S.
3	Textbook of audiological Safety	Thayalan K	Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
4	Radiation Protection in Medical Radiography	Statkiewicz Sherer	Elsevier Health - US;
5	Basics of Radiation, Hazards and Prevention in Diagnostic Radiology	Prashant Kumar Jha	JBD Publications

Md Inuliyaz Ansari	Kalpana Bankoti	Dr. Gornima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
-----------------------	--------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------



## Subject: Quality Assurance in Diagnostic Radiology and Regulatory Requirements

Subject Code: BMRIT -025

### RATIONALE

Quality assurance testing includes the monitoring, evaluation and maintenance of equipment for optimal performance and stability. It is essential that radiological technologists recognize, record and report, according to policy, when a significant increase or underexposure in radiation exposure occurs.

### COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course students will be able to...

CO1: Aim and need of radiation protection

CO2: Introduction to quality assurance

CO3: Understanding of regulatory requirements

CO4: Follow radiation protection regulations and apply practically

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
			C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
1	1	2	3	--	--	30	70	100

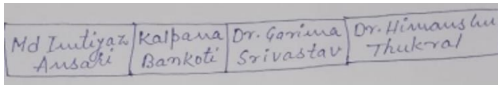
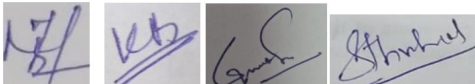
CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

### TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

### THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	Objectives of quality Control: Improve the quality of imaging thereby increasing the diagnostic value; to reduce the radiation exposure; Reduction of film wastage and repeat examination; to maintain the various diagnostic and imaging units at their optimal performance. Quality assurance activities: Equipment selection phase; Equipment installation and acceptance phase; Operational phase; Preventive maintenance.   	4	--

	<p>Quality assurance programme at the radiological faculty level:          Responsibility; Purchase; Specifications; Acceptance; Routine testing;          Evaluation of results of routine testing; Quality assurance practical          exercise in the X ray generator and tube; Image receptors from          processing; Radiographic equipment; Fluoroscopic equipment;          Mammographic equipment; Conventional tomography; Computed          tomography; Film processing, manual and automatic; Consideration for          storage of film and chemicals; Faults tracing; Accuracy of imaging-          image distortion for digital imaging devices. LASER printer calibration</p>		
<b>II</b>	<p><b>QA in Diagnostic Radiology</b></p> <p>filtration</p> <p>Contact between film and intensifying screen</p> <p>Contrast Verification of Optical and Radiation field congruence</p> <p>Beam alignment</p> <p>Focal spot size</p> <p>Linearity of tube current mA and Timer</p> <p>Applied potential</p> <p>HVT and total tube</p> <p>Resolution</p> <p>Grid alignment</p> <p>QA in mammography</p> <p>QA in CT</p> <p>QA in Digital Radiography</p>	<b>4</b>	--
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Regulatory requirements in Diagnostic Radiology</b></p> <p>National Regulatory Body</p> <p>Responsibilities and organization</p> <p>Safety Standards</p> <p>Codes and Guides</p> <p>Care and maintenance of diagnostic equipment: General principles and          preventive maintenance for routine - daily, Weekly, monthly, quarterly,          annually: care in use, special care of mobile equipment</p>	<b>4</b>	--

Md Inayatullah  
 Anisul

17/

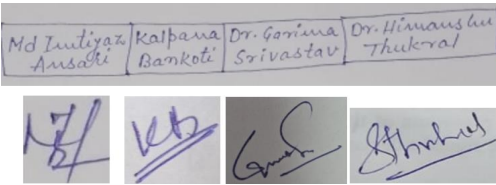
kb

Dr. Goniama  
 Sivastav

Dr. Himanshu  
 Thakral

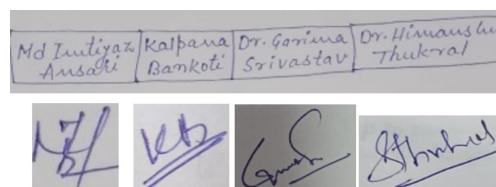
IV	Responsibilities of licensees, registrants and employers	3	
	Enforcement of Regulatory requirements		
V	Role of technologist in radiology department Maintenance and care of equipment: Safe operation of equipment; Routine cleaning of equipment and instruments; Cassette, screen maintenance; Maintenance of automatic processor and manual processing units; Routine	3	--
	maintenance of equipments; Record keeping and log book maintenance; Reject analysis and objectives of reject analysis programme.		
	Care and maintenance of diagnostic equipment: General principles and preventive maintenance for routine - daily, Weekly, monthly, quarterly, annually: care in use, special care of mobile equipment.		
<b>Total</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>--</b>

#### SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	<p>Quality assurance programme at the radiological faculty level: Responsibility; Purchase; Specifications; Acceptance; Routine testing; Evaluation of results of routine testing; Quality assurance practical exercise in the X ray generator and tube; Image receptors from processing; Radiographic equipment; Fluoroscopic equipment; Mammographic equipment; Conventional tomography; Computed tomography; Film processing, manual and automatic; Consideration for storage of film and chemicals; Faults tracing; Accuracy of imaging- image distortion for digital imaging devices. LASER printer calibration</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	7

2.	<p><b>QA in Diagnostic Radiology</b></p> <p>filtration</p> <p>Contact between film and intensifying screen</p> <p>Contrast Verification of Optical and Radiation field congruence</p> <p>Beam alignment</p> <p>Focal spot size</p> <p>Linearity of tube current mA and Timer</p> <p>Applied potential</p> <p>HVT and total tube</p> <p>Resolution</p> <p>Grid alignment</p> <p>QA in mammography</p> <p>QA in CT</p> <p>QA in Digital Radiography</p>	8				
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Md Imtiyaz Ansari</td> <td>Kalpna Bankoti</td> <td>Dr. Gorima Srivastav</td> <td>Dr. Himanshu Thukral</td> </tr> </table>			Md Imtiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gorima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral
Md Imtiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gorima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thukral			

Sr. No		Hours
3.	Regulatory requirements in Diagnostic Radiology	7
4.	Responsibilities of licensees, registrants and employers Enforcement of Regulatory requirements	7
5.	Care and maintenance of diagnostic equipment: General principles and preventive maintenance for routine - daily, Weekly, monthly, quarterly, annually: care in use, special care of mobile equipment.	7
Total		<b>36</b>



## Evaluation System

### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

There is no theory examination for this subject.

### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

ESE		CIE		<b>Grand total</b>
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Quality Assurance and Control in Diagnostic Radiology and Imaging	Bhargava	CBS Publishers and Distributors
2	Quality Assurance	Dr. R. Sundararajan, M.V. Kumudhavalli, Minal T. Harde	Thakur Publications Pvt Ltd
3	Quality Assurance in Diagnostic Radiology	J. McLemore (Author	Imprint unknown
4	An Introduction to Quality Assurance in Radiology	Zafar Neyaz	JBD Publications

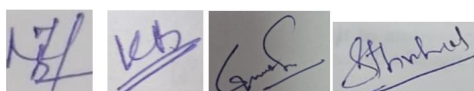
### BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part V (studentship)

Students will gain additional skills in clinical procedures, interaction with patients and professional personnel. Students apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the supervision of a senior technologist. Students are tested on intermediate clinical radio diagnosis skills.

#### Studentship or observership must include:

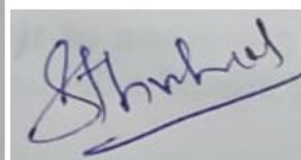
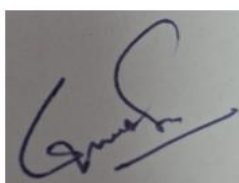
- A minimum of 14 hours per week is considered as studentship in every semester.
- Provide simulation and skill labs for practicing skills specific to the program in the initial years of observership/studentship.
- Every semester must have seminars/workshops on new developments/ technologies. Check annexure for marking criteria.
- If the clinical facility is not within the same campus, transportation should be provided to the students and interns.
- All practical skills must be supervised and recorded in a Logbook and skills to be evaluated after the completion of the internship.

Md Insiyaz Ansari    Kalpana Bankoti    Dr. Gonima Srivastav    Dr. Himanshu Thakral



## Sixth Semester

Md Intiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------



**Subject: Basics Techniques in MRI Technology****Subject Code: BMRIT - 026****RATIONALE**

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) is a non-invasive imaging technology that produces three dimensional detailed anatomical images. It is often used for disease detection, diagnosis, and treatment monitoring. It is based on sophisticated technology that excites and detects the change in the direction of the rotational axis of protons found in the water that makes up living tissue. The student learn to Recognize and planning different protocols and prepare and position patients for MRI examination. To gain knowledge on Management of patients, contrast reactions MRI Safety.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

*At the end of the course students will be able to...*

**CO1:** Define basic principle and physics of Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

**CO2:** Recognize protocols needed for Magnetic Resonance Imaging examination.

**CO3:** Prepare and positioning for Magnetic Resonance Imaging examination.

**CO4:** Interpret post processing of Magnetic Resonance Imaging images.

**CO5:** Prepare and position the patients for Magnetic Resonance Imaging examination.

**CO6:** Categorize knowledge of improving image quality in Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

**CO7:** Scanning of patient with various Magnetic Resonance Imaging protocols for better representation of images.

**CO8:** Plan of post processing for Magnetic Resonance Imaging data.

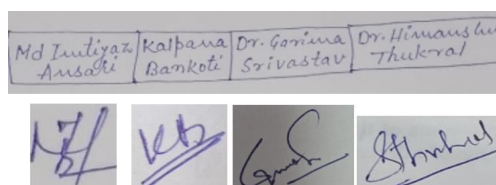
**CO9:** Management of patient for any post contrast reactions.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
				CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	
3	1	8	8	30	70	30	70	200

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

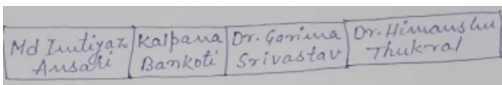
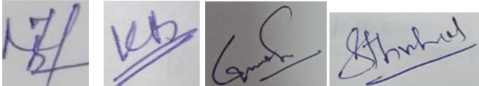


## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	Introduction to MRI; Basic principle; Image weighting and contrast in MRI; Instrumentation of MRI-Magnets- classification, types, advantages, disadvantages, Gradient & Body Coils, RF coils, Shim coils, Ramping, Cryogen, RF shielding	12	15
II	Encoding and Image Formation-Encoding, K-Space; Parameters and Trade-offs; MRI Pulse Sequences-Spin Echo pulse sequence, Gradient Echo pulse sequence; Fast imaging sequences	12	15
III	Flow phenomena; Flow phenomena compensation; Vascular Imaging-Digital Subtraction MRA, TOF-MRA, PC-MRA, Velocity Encoding, MR-Angiogram, MR- Venogram	10	10
IV	Cardiac Imaging; Whole body MRI Protocols; MRI Artifacts and their compensation; MRI contrast agents-T1 contrast agent, T2 contrast agent	10	15
V	MRI safety- Implants and pace-makers, Electrical safety, Metallic safety, Instrumental safety, Bio-effects of MRI; Documentation; Quality assurance in MRI	10	15
<b>Total</b>		<b>54</b>	<b>70</b>

## SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	Instrumentation of MRI-Magnets- classification, types, advantages, disadvantages, Gradient & Body Coils, RF coils, Shim coils, Ramping, Cryogen, RF shielding	30
2.	MRI Pulse Sequences-Spin Echo pulse sequence, Gradient Echo pulse sequence; Fast imaging sequences	30
3.	Flow phenomena; Flow phenomena compensation	24
4.	Whole body MRI Protocols; MRI Artifacts and their compensation	30
5.	MRI safety and Quality assurance in MRI	30
<b>Total</b>		<b>144</b>
 		

## Evaluation System

### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

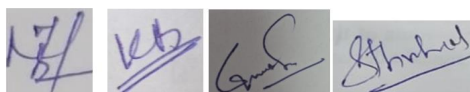
Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

#### Written Paper

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

Md Insiyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Gonima Srivastav | Dr. Himanshu Thakral



### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

There shall be practical examination for 70 marks in the subject.

Distribution of marks for ESE practical exams:

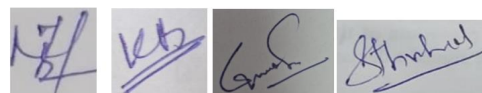
ESE		CIE		Grand total
Practical	Viva		Sub Total	
50	20	30	100	100

### Question Paper Blueprint

Unit		Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
1.	Instrumentation of MRI-Magnets- classification, types, advantages, disadvantages, Gradient & Body Coils, RF coils, Shim coils, Ramping, Cryogen, RF shielding	19
2.	MRI Pulse Sequences-Spin Echo pulse sequence, Gradient Echo pulse sequence; Fast imaging sequences	20
3.	Flow phenomena; Flow phenomena compensation	19
4.	Whole body MRI Protocols; MRI Artifacts and their compensation	19
5.	MRI safety and Quality assurance in MRI	19
	Total Marks (including optional questions)	96

Md Iqtiyaz Ansari | Kalpana Bankoti | Dr. Goniama Srivastava | Dr. Himanshu Thakral

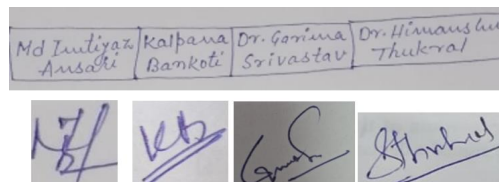
### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES



S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Tomography and Magnetic Resonance Imaging of the Whole Body (Vol.1& II) (Saunders).	John R. Haaga, Daniel Boll	Elsevier
2	MRI in Practice	Catherine Westbrook & Caralyn Kaut	Wiley-Blackwell
3	Protocols in MRI	Catherine Westbrook	Wiley-Blackwell
4	An Introduction to the Physics and Function of Magnetic Resonance Imaging	Dominik Weishaupt, Victor D. Koechli, Borut Marincek, J.M. Froehlich	Springer;
5	Concise Textbook of MRI Physics & Protocols	Maajid Mohi Ud Din Malik, Manjot Kaur	JBD Publications

**Subject: Introduction to Nuclear Medicine Techniques****Subject Code: BMRIT -027****RATIONALE**

It is the branch of medicine that deals with the use of radioactive substances in research, diagnosis, and treatment disease. In this student will learn about the fundamentals of radioactivity and various interactions of radiation with matter, radiopharmaceuticals, instrumentations measuring radioactivity,



PET imaging and patients care and safety.

*At the end of the course students will be able to...*

**CO1:** Define basic principle and physics of nuclear medicine.

**CO2:** Apply precautions while handling radiopharmaceuticals.

**CO3:** Recognizing the artefacts associated with nuclear medicine.

**CO4:** Assess the knowledge of improving image quality in nuclear medicine.

**CO5:** Management of patient for any late reactions associated with radiotracers in nuclear medicine.

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	100
1	1	2	3	30	70	--	--	

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

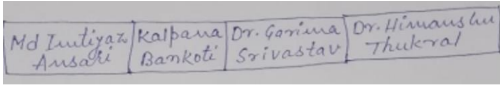
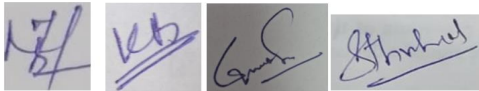
Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	History; Isotopes and Radionuclides- Production of Radionuclides, Transport of Radionuclides; Radio Activity- Radio Active transformations, Specific Activity; Radiopharmaceuticals- Preparation, Precautions while handling	7	25
II	Gamma Camera instrumentation - Collimator- classification and types; Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography (SPECT); Positron Emission Tomography (PET); Advanced techniques in NM - SPECT-CT, PET-CT, PET-MRI	7	25
III	Safety Considerations & Radiation Dose in Nuclear Medicine; Room layout in nuclear medicine	4	20
<b>Total</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>70</b>

## SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr. No		Hours
1.	History; Isotopes and Radionuclides- Production of Radionuclides, Transport of Radionuclides; Radio Activity- Radio Active transformations, Specific Activity; Radiopharmaceuticals- Preparation, Precautions while handling	12
2.	Gamma Camera instrumentation - Collimator- classification and types; Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography (SPECT); Positron Emission Tomography (PET); Advanced techniques in NM - SPECT-CT, PET-CT, PET-MRI	12
3.	Safety Considerations & Radiation Dose in Nuclear Medicine; Room layout in nuclear medicine	12
Total		<b>36</b>
		
		

## Evaluation System

### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

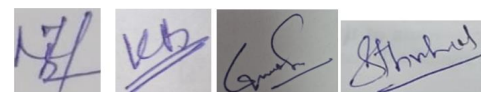
### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

#### Written Paper

Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150

Md Zuliyaz Ansari    Kalpana Bankoti    Dr. Gomina Srivastav    Dr. Himanshu Thakral

#### Question Paper Blueprint



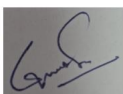
Unit		Marks (± 5%)
1.	History; Isotopes and Radionuclides- Production of Radionuclides, Transport of Radionuclides; Radio Activity- Radio Active transformations, Specific Activity; Radiopharmaceuticals- Preparation, Precautions while handling	32
2.	Gamma Camera instrumentation - Collimator- classification and types; Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography (SPECT); Positron Emission Tomography (PET); Advanced techniques in NM - SPECT-CT, PET-CT, PET-MRI	32
3.	Safety Considerations & Radiation Dose in Nuclear Medicine; Room layout in nuclear medicine	32
	Total Marks (including optional questions)	96

**SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

<b>S.No.</b>	<b>Title of Book</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Publication</b>
1	Nuclear Medicine Textbook: Methodology and Clinical Applications	Duccio Volterrani, Paola Anna Erba, Ignasi Carrió, H. William Strauss	Springer;
2	Nuclear Medicine Instrumentation	Jennifer Prekeges (Author)	Jones and Bartlett Publishers
3	Nuclear Medicine Physics: The Basics	Ramesh Chandra & Arman Rahmim	Wolters Kluwer
4	Nuclear Medicine Technology: Procedures and Quick Reference	Pete Shackett BA CNMT ARRT(N) (Author)	LWW;
5	A Concise Guide on Basic Radiation Physics, radiotherapy Physics & Nuclear Medicine	Lalit Agarwal, Dr. Arvind Shukla	JBD Publications

Md Imdiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Goniama Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------






**Subject: Ultrasound Techniques****Subject Code: BMRIT -028****RATIONALE**

Ultrasound techniques provide students' knowledge on the basic principles of ultrasonography and how to prepare the patients for the scan and also to identify any artefacts. To learn about the physics behind ultrasound and to gain knowledge regarding various ultrasound procedures equipment used in ultrasound and patient care during ultrasound procedures

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course students will be able to...

**CO001:** Describe the Ultrasound properties, interaction of ultrasound with matter

**CO002:** Describe the transducer and types

**CO003:** Explain the concepts of image display

**CO004:** Describe Doppler imaging and ultrasound contrast agents

**CO005:** Describe the image characteristics and artefacts

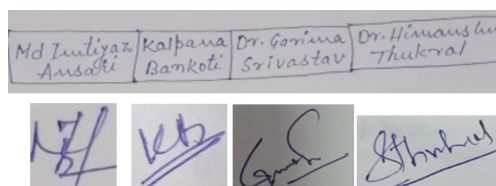
**CO006:** explain the safety considerations in ultrasound and protocols

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total Marks
L	T	P	C	CIE	ESE	CIE	ESE	100
2	1	--	3	30	70	--	--	

CIE, Continuous Internal Evaluation; ESE, End Semester Evaluation; L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**TUTORIAL ASSIGNMENTS**

Tutorials should be planned to enhance learning. The faculty shall decide suitable assignments minimum one per unit based on the curriculum.

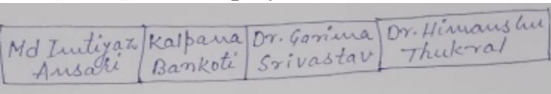
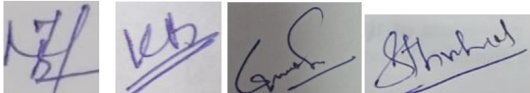


## THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours	Marks
I	<b>Ultrasound:</b> Properties of ultrasound, interaction of ultrasound with matter	6	10
II	<b>Transducers:</b> Types of transducers, advances in the design of modern ultrasound transducers	6	15
III	<b>Image display:</b> Display modes, ultrasound instrumentation, controls, image storage, scan converter memory, photographic film, multi format camera, laser imager, colour and video thermal printer, computer storage, pre and post processing techniques	6	10
IV	<b>Doppler Imaging:</b> Doppler principles, continuous wave Doppler and pulsed Doppler, duplex scanning, colour flow imaging, power doppler, harmonic imaging, extended field of view Ultrasound contrast agents	6	15
V	<b>Image characteristics and artefacts:</b> vascular, interventional, intraoperative and ophthalmic ultrasonography, 3D and 4D ultrasound imaging Artificial Intelligence in Ultrasound	6	10
VI	<b>Bio-effects and safety considerations in ultrasound,</b> ultrasound system performance measurements, ultrasound equipments quality assurance – conventional Doppler system testing and documentation	6	10
<b>Total</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>70</b>

## SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATION

Sr.No		Hours
1.	<b>Ultrasound</b> interaction of ultrasound with matter	6
2.	Types of transducers, advances in the design of modern ultrasound transducers	6
3.	<b>Image display:</b> Display modes, ultrasound instrumentation, controls  	6

Sr. No		Hours
4.	<b>Doppler Imaging:</b> Doppler principles, continuous wave Doppler and pulsed Doppler, duplex scanning, colour flow imaging, power doppler, harmonic imaging, extended field of view Ultrasound contrast agents	6
5.	<b>Image characteristics and artefacts</b>	6
6.	<b>Bio-effects and safety considerations in ultrasound,</b> ultrasound system performance measurements, ultrasound equipments quality assurance	6
	Total	<b>36</b>

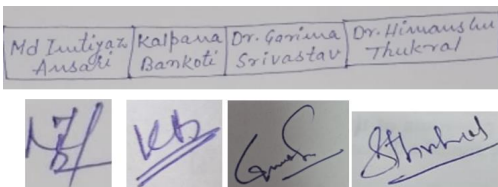
### Evaluation System

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sl. No.	Component	Marks	Weightage	IA marks
1.	Sessional test(s)			
	Two Written tests Same pattern as Summative test Average of two to be considered Absence without prior permission to be marked as 0	50		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
2.	Continuous assessment			
	Seminars/Case presentations/ Logbook/ Case records/Record book/assignment			
	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Total CIE marks</b>			<b>30</b>

#### End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

#### Written Paper

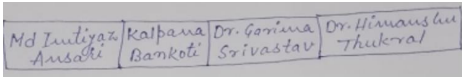
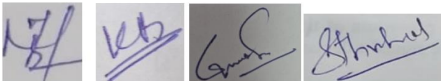
Type of question	No. of questions	Marks per question	Total
Essay Question (EQ)	3 (to answer 2)	10	20
Short Essay Question (SEQ)	9 (to answer 7)	5	35
Short Answer Question (SAQ)	7 (to answer 5)	3	15
Total marks			70
Duration (minutes)			150
			

### Question Paper Blueprint

Unit		Marks ( $\pm 5\%$ )
	<b>Ultrasound:</b> Properties of ultrasound, interaction of ultrasound with matter	14
	<b>Transducers:</b> Types of transducers, advances in the design of modern ultrasound transducers	20
	<b>Image display:</b> Display modes, ultrasound instrumentation, controls, image storage, scan converter memory, photographic film, multi format camera, laser imager, colour and video thermal printer, computer storage, pre and post processing techniques	14
	<b>Doppler Imaging:</b> Doppler principles, continuous wave Doppler and pulsed Doppler, duplex scanning, colour flow imaging, power doppler, harmonic imaging, extended field of view  Ultrasound contrast agents	20
	<b>Image characteristics and artefacts:</b> vascular, interventional, intraoperative and ophthalmic ultrasonography, 3D and 4D ultrasound imaging	14
	<b>Bio-effects and safety considerations in ultrasound,</b> ultrasound system performance measurements, ultrasound equipments quality assurance – conventional Doppler system testing and documentation	14
	Total Marks (including optional questions)	96

### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S.No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Ultrasound physics and technology	Vivien Gibbs, David Cole, Antonio Sassano	Churchill Livingstone;
2	Manual of Diagnostic Ultrasound	Philip E. S. Palmer (Author)	World Health Organization
3	Physics and Technical Aspects Diagnostic Ultrasound	DINESH K BAGHEL (Author)	AITBS PUBLISHERS
4	Diagnostic Ultrasound	Carol M. Romack (Author), Deborah Levine (Author)	Elsevier;
5	Ultrasound Imaging (1000 Multiple Choice Questions)	Yadav	JBD Publications

**Subject: Biostatistics and Research Methodology****Subject Code: BMRIT -029****RATIONALE:**

The application of statistical techniques to scientific research in health-related fields, including medicine, biology, and public health, and the development of new tools to study these areas.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

*At the end of the course students will be able to...*

**CO1:** Understand the Importance of statistics course in the curriculum

**CO2:** Understands Statistical Terms

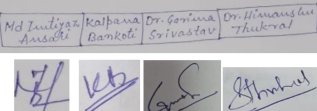
**CO3:** Possess Knowledge and Skill in the use of Basic Statistics in the analysis and interpretation of data

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)			Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme
L	T	P	C	
1	1	--	2	Institute level exam only: The Institute level examination will be held before the commencement of the University examinations. A Pass in the subject with a minimum of 50 marks (50% of the total 100 marks) is compulsory in order to be eligible for the award of degree. These marks will not be considered for the award of class. Supplementary examination shall be conducted by the Institute for the benefit of unsuccessful candidates. Supplementary examinations will be conducted within six weeks / Six months from the date of announcement of results.

L, lecture; T, Tutorial; P, Practical

**THEORY COMPONENTS**

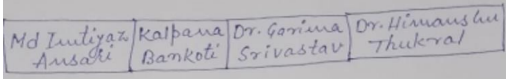
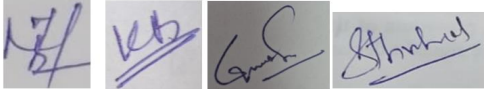
The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to attain the identified competency.

Unit	Topic and contents	Hours
I	Introduction: Meaning, Definition, Characteristics of Statistics; Importance of the Study of Statistics. Branches of Statistics; Descriptive and Inferential Statistics; Variables and Their Types. Measurement Scales.	3
II	Tabulation of Data: Raw Data, the Array, Frequency Distribution. Basic Principles of Graphical Representation; Types of Diagrams - Histograms, Frequency Polygons, Smooth Frequency Polygon, Commutative Frequency Curve, O give; Normal Probability Curve.	3
		

<b>III</b>	Measure of Central Tendency: Need for Measures of Central Tendency; Definition and Calculation of Mean; Ungrouped and Grouped Meaning, Interpretation and Calculation of Median Ungrouped and Grouped; Meaning and Calculation of Mode; Comparison of the Mean, and Mode; Guidelines for the Use of Various Measures of Central Tendency.	<b>3</b>
<b>IV</b>	Measure of Variability: Need for Measure of Dispersion. The Range, the Average Deviation, The Variance and Standard Deviation; Calculation of Variance and Standard Deviation, Ungrouped and Grouped.	<b>3</b>
<b>V</b>	Probability and Standard Distributions: Meaning of Probability of Standard Distribution, The Binominal Distribution. The Normal Distribution; Divergence from Normality - Skewness, Kurtosis	<b>3</b>
<b>VI</b>	Sampling Techniques: Need For Sampling - Criteria for Good Samples. Application of Sampling in Community, Procedures of Sampling and Sampling Designs Errors. Sampling Variation and Tests of Significance.	<b>3</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>18</b>

#### SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Title of Book</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Publication</b>
1	Elements of Health Statistics	Rao. N. S	
2	An introduction of Biostatistics	Sunder Rao	
3	Methods in Bio-Statistics	B.K. Mahajan	
4	Elementary Statistics in Medical Workers	Inderbir Singh	
5	An Introduction to. Statistical Methods, Ram Prasad & Sons	Gupta C. B	

**BMRIT Radiology Clinical Education – part IV (studentship)**

Students will gain additional skills in clinical procedures, interaction with patients and professional personnel. Students apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the supervision of a senior technologist. Students are tested on intermediate clinical radio diagnosis skills.

**Studentship or observer ship must include:**

- A minimum of 14 hours per week is considered as studentship in every semester.
- Provide simulation and skill labs for practicing skills specific to the program in the initial years of observer ship/studentship.
- Every semester must have seminars/workshops on new developments/ technologies. Check annexure for marking criteria.
- If the clinical facility is not within the same campus, transportation should be provided to the students and interns.
- All practical skills must be supervised and recorded in a Logbook and skills to be evaluated after the completion of the internship.

Md Irfiyaz Ansari	Kalpna Bankoti	Dr. Gorima Srivastav	Dr. Himanshu Thakral
----------------------	-------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

